Middletown Transcript.

VOL. 2. MIDDLETOWN, NEW CASTLE COUNTY, DELAWARE, SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 20, 1869. NO. 12.

NEW GOODS
AT
REDUCED PRICES.

G. W. W. NAUDAIN,
is opening a fresh stock of
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

PURCHASED since the fall in many kinds of the same. Being bought for Cash, and from first hands, principally—hence we avoid the second profit of the jobber and intend giving the advantage to our liberal friends.

Our stock consists of Merinoes, blk. col'd Alpacas, Wool Poplins, Wool de. Laines. Good assortment of Prints, Cotton and Wool Flannels, 1, 1¼, 2¼ Bleach'd and Bro. Muslin, Balmoral Skirts, Shawls and Hoods, Ladies Vests, Gents Knit Shirts and Drawers, White and Col'd Blankets,

HATS AND CAPS, DRUGGETS,
CARPET AND OIL CLOTHS,
Painted Window Shades,
GLOVES, HOSIERIES, AND
FANCY GOODS.

In fact, anything kept in a first class country store.

We call particular attention to our fine stock of

Over-Coatings, Cloths & Cassimeres,
which we make a Speciality.

Receiving from the Manufacturers, Ladies' Misses, and Children's Shoes, Gents sewed and pegged, double upper and sole, Calf Boots, Men's heavy, winter Boots & Shoes, that we have made of the best material; and guarantee satisfaction.

MACKEREL, SHAD, AND HERRING
Always on Hand.

THOMPSONS' GLOVE FITTING CORSETS
GENTS ARCTIC OVERSHOES,
MENS BUCK GAUNTLETTS,
GLOVES, MITTS.

A Stock of Dried Fruit Consisting of
LAYER RAISINS,
NEW DRIED CURRANTS,
NEW DRIED CITRON,
DRIED APPLES.

Also an extra article of
Buckwheat Flour.

Liberal discount for cash, and show Goods with pleasure.

G. W. W. NAUDAIN.
Dec. 12—1y Middletown.

TO THE FARMING COMMUNITY.

THE subscriber respectfully calls the attention of the Farmers of New Castle co. Del. and Cecil and Kent counties, Md. to the following list of standard Fertilizers, always kept on hand, and furnished to order, at any station on the Delaware Railroad, or on Chesapeake and Delaware Waters.—Viz:

RHODES' SUPER PHOSPHATE,
Moro Phillips' Super Phosphate,
Whann's Super Phosphate,
Croasdale's Super Phosphate,
HEWES' SUPER PHOSPHATE,
COE'S SUPER PHOSPHATE,
Berger and Butz' Super Phosphate.
BAUGH'S SUPER PHOSPHATE,
BAUGH'S CHICAGO BONE,
PERUVIAN GUANO,
PACIFIC GUANO,
RODUNDA GUANO.

E. T. EVANS,
Opposite Depot, Middletown, Del.
July 18—tf

BLACKSMITHING AND Wheelwrighting.

THE undersigned have commenced the above business in Middletown, corner of Main and Anderson streets, and solicit a share of the public patronage. They flatter themselves that their work cannot be surpassed. The Blacksmithing will be conducted by John C. Vandenbraak, and the Wheelrighting department by J. Leauby.

Wagon, Plow and all kinds of country work and Coach Smithing, done to order.

☞ Repairing neatly and promptly attended to. Special attention given to the repairing.

All work warranted to give perfect satisfaction.

JOHN C. VANDENBRAAK,
LEAUBY & LEE.
April 11th, 1868—tf.

Farmers, Look to Your Interests.

A. T. BRADLEY,
At the Depot in Middletown

WILL pay the highest market price for Grain. He will supply Wright's and Rambo's Lime for Farm purposes. Also, Clover and Timothy Seed.

☞ Special care will be given to shipping of grain when entrusted with it by parties shipping on their own responsibility. No money advanced on grain before delivery.
Dec. 5—6m.

MARVIN'S
Chrome Iron Spherical Burglar Safes,
Will resist all Burglar's Implements for any length of time.

PLEASE send for a Catalogue of Fire and Burglar Proof Safes.

MARVIN & CO.
365 Broadway, New York; 721 Chestnut Street Philadelphia; 108 Bank st. Cleveland, Ohio.
February 13, 1869—3mos.

FOR RENT.

CART Wright Shop, 20 by 22 feet, nearly new. Also Black Smith Shop, nearly new, with 2 forges: one of the best stands for repairing and wholesale new work, as it fronts on the railroad. Possession given on the 25th of March.

SAMUEL TOWNSEND.
Townsend, January 23, 1869—tf

BOOK, STATIONERY, AND VARIETY STORE.

SCHOOL BOOKS and Miscellaneous Works, Bibles, Prayer Books and Hymn Books, Blank Books, in various styles and binding; Tuck, Memorandum and Pass Books.

STATIONERY.

Writing, Letter, and Note Paper,
Envelopes, in variety;
Mourning Paper and Envelopes to match.

FANCY ARTICLES.

Photograph Albums, Work Boxes, Fancy Boxes, Writing Desks, Ladies' Satchels, Pocket Books, Port Folios, Purses, Port Monaies, Segar Cases, Picture Frames, Tassel and Cords, Looking Glasses,

BACK GAMMON BOARDS, CHESS AND CHECKER MEN, GAMES of all KINDS.

Rubber Pencils and Penholders,
Writing Fluid and Ink Stands,
Pocket Cutlery, Roger's Scissors, &c.
Sleeve Buttons, Studs, Breast Pins, Finger Rings, Spectacles,
Violin Strings,
Combs, Brushes, Nail and Tooth Brushes,
Gum Bands, Watch Keys, Key Rings, and Puff Boxes.

A fine assortment of Colgate & Co's. Soap.
PHALON'S NIGHT BLOOMING CEREUS,
Wright's and Taylor's Superior Extracts,
Pomades, Hair Oils,
And Dental Soap of the First Quality.

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Neck Ties of various styles, Bismarck Collars, Gloves, Hose, Handkerchiefs, Cuffs, Wristlets.

Segars, Tobacco Pipes, Meerschaums, and Tobacco Pouches,
Lamps, Lamp Chimneys, Wicks and Coal Oil.

NEWSPAPERS AND MAGAZINES.

New York Ledger, Harper's Weekly, Bazaar and Magazine, Frank Leslie, Chimney Corner, Weekly, Girls and Boys Weekly, Gleason's Literary Companion, &c.

Godey's Peterson's, Atlantic, Arthur's, Galaxy and Mm'e Demorest's Magazines.

D. L. LUNNING,
Corner of Main and Scott streets,
Jan. 30—1y Middletown, Del.

GRANVILLE WORRELL,

220 AND 222 MARKET STREET,

Wilmington, Del.

AMERICAN, ENGLISH, GERMAN AND FRENCH
DRY GOODS.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN
CARPETS and Oil Cloths.

CHINA AND CALCUTTA
MATTINGS, MATS, RUGS, &c. &c.

WE are prepared to fill orders for Churches, Hotels, Private Dwellings and Public Building, furnishing them complete, including Sheets, Blankets, Counterpanes, Towels, Curtains, Cornices, Stair Rods, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Damasks, &c. Orders will be taken and estimates furnished of the whole cost, with articles furnished or otherwise, as parties commencing housekeeping may prefer.

We cannot enumerate even leading departments, owing to the extent of our business, but have a full assortment of various lines in

DRESS FABRICS,
MOURNINGS,
WHITE GOODS,
FURNISHING GOODS,
HOSIERY,
FLANNELS, &c. &c. &c.

Our long experience, combined with our intimate and extensive acquaintance with the largest and best Importing and Domestic Houses of this country give us, we believe, advantages shared by no other house to the same extent in Delaware, and we wish distinctly to state that we are prepared to sell *always as low or lower than Philadelphia Merchants.*

THE MOTTO OF THE HOUSE
CHEAP, PROMPT AND RELIABLE.
March 7, 1868—1y

CHICKERING & SONS,

MANUFACTURERS OF
Grand Square, and Upright Pianos,
Received the First Grand Gold Medal, and the still higher recompense,
The CROSS of the LEGION of HONOR,
AT THE
Universal Exposition, Paris, 1867.

THESE were the highest awards of the Exposition, and the house of Chickering & Sons was the only one so honored.

In the United States we have been awarded 60 first premiums in direct competition with the leading manufacturers of the country, and at the Great Exhibition in London we received the highest award given to any manufacturer in the United States. Total, 74 First Premiums, and the most flattering testimonials from the leading artists in the world.

Warerooms, No. 11 East 14th New York,
Between Broadway and Fifth Avenue.
Feb. 13—3m

EUGENE M. HANSON
WITH
WATSON & DE YOUNG,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
Hosiery, Notions, White Goods, &c.
No. 533 MARKET STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.
☞ *Orders promptly attended to.*
Feb. 20—2m*

THE GREAT
ZINGARI BITTERS.
A SAFE BLOOD PURIFIER,
A PLEASANT BEVERAGE,
A SPLENDID TONIC.
A CERTAIN CURE
AND
Preventive of Diseases.

THE ZINGARI BITTERS are compounded from a prescription of the celebrated Egyptian physician, Dr. Cheopsus, who, after years of trial and experiment, discovered the *Zingarini Herb*, the most remarkable vegetable production the earth, perhaps, has ever yielded—certainly the most effective in the cure of disease. It, in combination with the other valuable properties of which the Zingari Bitters is composed, will cure

Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Billious Fever, Cholic, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption in its first stage, Flatulency, Nervous Debility, Female Complaints, Rheumatism, Dysentery, Acute and Chronic Diarrhœa, Cholera Morbus, Cholera, Typhoid and Typhus Fever, Yellow Fever, Scrofula, Diseases of the Kidneys, Habitual Costiveness, &c. &c.

In the prevention and cure of the above diseases, it has never been known to fail, as thousands of our most prominent citizens throughout all parts of the country, will tesify. Let the afflicted send for circular containing testimonials and certificates of those who have been cured after their cases have been pronounced hopeless by our best physicians.

Principal Depot, F. RAHTER & CO.
No. 6 N. Front St. Philadelphia.
RECOMMENDED BY
Ex-Gov. David R. Porter, of Pennsylvania,
Hon. Robert J. Fisher, "
Hon. Edward McPherson, "
Hon. Joel B. Danner, "
Hon. Wm. McSherry, "
☞ *Send for Circulars.*
Feb. 6—1y

MIDDLETOWN ACADEMY.

A First Class Boarding and DAY SCHOOL,
UNDER THE DIRECTION OF
WARREN I. HICKS, A. B. } PRINCIPALS,
HUDSON A. WOOD, A. B. }
assisted by
Mrs. GENIE H. HICKS and Mrs. MARY WOOD.

FALL Term begins September 13th, and ends December 24th.

WINTER Term begins January 4th and ends March 26th.

SPRING Term begins April 5th and ends June 25th.

Tuition per Quarter of 12 weeks, payable at the middle of each Term:

Small Scholars in First Lessons	$ 5 00.
Primary Department	8 00.
Academical Department	11 00.
Classical Department	15 00.
Instrumental Music	12 00.
Vocal Music	2 00.
Use of Piano	2 00.
German and French	2 00.
Tuition per annum, including wood, lights, and washing	25 00.
The same per Term	75 00.

Students charged from the time of entering.

For further particulars address the Principals for Circular, Middletown, Del. Oct. 3—tf

BAUGH'S
Raw Bone Super Phosphate of Lime.
STANDARD WARRANTED.

WE offer to Farmers and Dealers in Manures the present season our Raw Bone Super Phosphate of Lime as being highly improved.

It is not necessary at this day, to argue the claims of this manure, as a useful and economical application for Corn, Oats, and all Spring crops. The article has a reputation of over fifteen years standing, and is still manufactured by the original proprietors.

Farmers will please send their orders to the Dealer early, as this only will ensure a supply.

BAUGH & SONS,
Sole Manufacturers,
Office No. 20 South Delaware Ave.
Feb. 20—3m PHILADELPHIA.

NEW EMPIRE SEWING MACHINE.
Lock Stitch.

RECEIVED the First Prize at the Great Fair of the American Institute, in New York, Oct. 26, 1867, and highest premium for best manufacturing machine at Paris Exposition, July, 1867.

Why is it the best? It runs over seams all right; it will take fifty stitches to the inch—finer than any other machine will; It will sew heavier and thicker goods than any other machine; it uses any and every kind of thread; it sews starched goods as well as unstarched; it sews the most delicate, thin, soft Fabric, without drawing. It sews a bias seam as well as any other.

Agents wanted.—Liberal discount given.

Empire Sewing Machine Company,
234 Bowery, New York.
EVERY MACHINE WARRANTED.
Feb. 13, 1869—3mos.

HARNESS MAKING.

THE undersigned having succeeded Wm. T Gallaher in the above business in

ODESSA, DELAWARE,

Is prepared to furnish every article in his line on the most reasonable terms.

His experience justifies his promise that
ALL HIS WORK WILL BE OF THE
☞ *BEST QUALITY.*
And gives him confidence to solicit a share of the public patronage.

☞ His Shop is on Main street, in the house formerly occupied by Wm. T. Gallaher.

WM. C. DRAPER.
Jan. 9—3mo.

For Rent.

THE Well Known Store House, at the corner of Broad and Main streets, in Middletown, now occupied by G. W. W. Naudain. Possession given on the 25th of March, inst. Apply to
NAUDAIN & BRO.
March 6—3t On the Premises.

Original Poetry.

THE MAIDEN OF MIDDLETOWN.

Written for the Middletown Transcript

BY THE ODESSA BARD.

How dear to the heart is the sweet recollection
Of beauty angelic, with graces that charm,
Where the tints of the rose and the lily's perfection,
Are limn'd on the canvas that's living and warm;
Where the sweet, gentle spirit looks out in its lightness,
From eyes ever liquid with Purity's light,
As some beautiful star in the regions of brightness,
Peeps out from its cell through the curtains of night.

There was majesty veiled by the queenliest graces,
There was Intellect stamped on that beautiful brow,
Of feeling the blood flashed its visible traces,
Like the lights of Aurora on wreathlets of snow;
What Artist could copy the exquisite beauty,
That graced the sweet mouth and the soft dimpled chin,
Or the white pearly sentinels ever on duty,
At the carmine gates of the courts within?

Oh! were you e'er waked from oblivion's slumber
At midnight, by music sweet, only to learn,
That the last dying strains of the soft flowing numbers
Were melting away, never more to return?
And who, that has walked through a tropical chamber,
Where rarest and sweetest exotics were trained,
Has not lingered, and wondered, whate'er could be stranger,
Though the flowers were gone, yet their fragrance remained?

Thus will memory forever revert to the *real*,
Transcendant and peerless as Nature to Art,
For the spirit of Beauty transferred the *ideal*,
As sunlight a picture, at once to my heart.
'Twas a joy to have met thee, sweet lady, past telling,
May Heaven thy life with its benisons crown,
Then bring thee where Angels, thy kindred, are dwelling
Thou loveliest Maiden of good Middletown.

ODESSA, Del. March, 1869.

Notes of Travel.

Recollections of the Mother Country.

Written for the Middletown Transcript.

No. 6.

Having "done" London, the stranger will naturally ask, what is to be seen in its vicinity? To the American, who has witnessed the scenery of the Hudson, the grandeur of Niagara, or the vastness of the West; or the Continental, who talks of the beautiful Rhine, the romantic Switzerland, or the classic Rome,—the sights and scenes of a quiet English landscape are only attractive for their state of cultivation and their placidity. Historic associations will also combine to render them interesting to the lover of English literature—and who that can read it does not love it? To those economical of time, the best course is that laid down by Murray, who advises a visit to *Hampton Court*, which is situated on the north side of the river Thames, about twelve miles from London, and is easily reached by rail from Waterloo station.

The Palace was first designed, as a residence for himself, by Cardinal Wolsey; but, in order to propitiate his master, he exchanged it for Richmond Palace and other properties. William III added greatly to the original building, and it now comprises three quadrangles, divided into apartments, which are occupied chiefly by poor relatives of noble families, who hold tenure by special permission of the crown. The building, which is of red brick, with stone cornices and dressings, is a lofty and rather imposing structure, and is open to the public except Friday. Over one thousand pictures are exposed to view, some of them very famous.

The garden and park are also among the most noteworthy of the vicinity, the former having a grapevine over ninety years of age, which yields annually more than 1200 pounds of grapes, which go to her Majesty's table. One branch alone is 110 feet long, and the vinery that covers it is 72 feet by 30 feet.

In the Park is the celebrated *maze*, the great delight of juveniles and sentimental couples, who can lose themselves in the most delightful manner without an effort. The whole walk being so complicated that the quaint definition of the word *net* by Dr Johnson, is brought to mind, viz:—"Anything reticulated or tesselated at equal distances, with interstices between the different intersections."

Passsing over the country between Hampton and Windsor, which does not comprise many spots interesting to strangers, we come to the famous royal domain. *Windsor*, is situated in the county of Berks, 22 miles west from London, and occupies a rising ground on the south bank of the Thames, and is interesting for its ancient and extensive castle, the grandest royal residence in this country. The gates of the castle are close upon the main street of the town, and lead to enclosures containing a number of quadrangles, towers, gates, mansions, barracks, and other structures. Besides the chapel, the chief parts of the castle attractive to visitors are the state apartments in the upper or northern court. Outside the castle, facing the north, is the famed *Terrace*, from which a view is obtained over a most beautiful expanse of country. On another side are the new royal stables, the finest in England, having with the Riding House, cost £70,000. In the gardens adjoining the Queen's apartments, the royal family, before the death of Prince Albert, were wont occasionally to promenade, at an hour when the public might see them. The *Long Walk*, extending three miles, is one of the grandest things of the kind in the world.

For more than seven centuries, Windsor Castle has been a royal residence, tradition assigning its origin to King Arthur himself, and romance has seized it as the locale of the famed Round Table and its valiant Knights. Edward III was born here, and Geoffrey Chaucer was once clerk of the works of St. George's Chapel, at a salary of two shillings a day.

Eton College, famous all over the world, with its school-rooms for 900 boys, chapel, quadrangles, and playing-fields, lies beautifully situated opposite Windsor Castle. A ramble from the Slough Station, near Eton, would take a visitor to the scenes rendered memorable by Gray's *Elegy*.

Returning on the river Thames, by steamer, a journey of over two hours, Pope's Grotto, at Twickenham, is discerned; Strawberry Hill, the Sham Castle of Horace Walpole is readily distinguished; and the Ham House, notorious as the meeting place of the "Cabal" of Charles II's time. To these the nearest stopping place is "Richmond Park," where a walk in the park, 8 miles in circumference, and a dinner at the Star and Garter will amply compensate for the time and money expended. Thence to the famed *Kew Gardens* is but a matter of a few minutes, passing *en route* Sion House, occupied by the Duke of Northumberland. These famous "Botanic Gardens" contain a rare collection of plants, obtained from all parts of the world, arranged and labelled in admirable order by Sir William Hooker. The flower beds, hot houses, and conservatories, are very numerous. The *great Palm-house*, with its collection of the celebrated *Victoria Regia*, reaching to a height of 60 feet, and costing £30,000, forms a grand object.

A bill has been passed in the New York Legislature, empowering the Central Park Commissioners to lay out such a garden on the easterly side of the Central Park, nearly opposite the 71st street entrance. To the botanist and horticulturist such gardens present great attractions.

A little lower down on the Thames, the world-renowned vegetable gardens of *Chiswick* engrosses the traveller's attention; and the house in which Hogarth died is still existing in the locality. Still further on appears *Fulham*, and its quaint old palace, the official residence of the Bishop of London. To this point the Thames is comparatively clear and very shallow, while the river between here and London is a dirty, swift and muddy stream; looked upon by Americans, accustomed to their noble streams in the new world, as a poor apology for a magnificent river.

The next point of interest before reaching London, is the far-famed *Chelsea Hospital*, founded by Charles II, and planned by Sir Christopher Wren, which is reserved for retired invalid soldiers. Over 400 pensioners are maintained in this establishment. The principal objects of attraction to the visitor, apart from the superannuated veterans of so many battles, are, the Chapel, a neat edifice, with a fine painting of the Ascension by Ricci, and the Dining-hall, in which are displayed a number of flags, trophies of British prowess, among which figure some American bunting.

One especial object of interest in the southern vicinity of London, is the famed *Crystal Palace*. Were London blotted out from the face of the earth, leaving nothing behind it but this fairy-like structure, the journey to it would alone well repay the visitor. This structure owed its existence to the great Exhibition of 1851, in Hyde Park. It is situated on a lofty eminence near Sydenham, about 7 miles from the metropolis, commanding a most extensive view of the adjacent country and the city. The building, constructed entirely of iron and glass, is about 1600 feet long, 380 feet wide, and at the centre transept 200 feet high. The fountains are the finest in the world, the principal jets rising 250 feet in the air, and the minor jets numbering over 12,000, forming combinations which no description can sufficiently portray. A whole week might be spent in examining the various treasures contained therein; for the Palace and grounds are interesting in each of the following features—Sculpture; Illustrations of Architecture; Pictures and Photographs; Botany; Ethnology; Geology; Hydraulic Skill in the Fountains, and Musical facilities of an unprecedented kind.

Near the centre transept are all the necessary arrangements for two concert-rooms—one on a stupendous scale, in which 5000 singers and instrumentalists can sometimes be heard at once. A great concert came off here in 1867, with about 20,000 visitors, which was graced by the presence of the Queen and family, including the Prince of Wales. The latter personage was seated in his own box near us, and all his movements could easily be noted. His free and easy manner on that occasion evidently did not please his mother and family, who, like all of royal blood desire to preserve a court etiquette on all occasions.

The Prince clad in a costume which he has established as full-dress, viz:—Light pantaloons, blue frock coat, yellow vest, and with the accustomed blue tie, seemed to enjoy himself and act as any Bohemian would on a like occasion. Aside from his spendthrift habits, the future King seems to be a favorite among all classes. The shop-keepers even like his liberality and his prodigality, because their business is largely increased thereby. The only complaints heard against the Queen arise among the trades-people, who cry bitterly because of the retirement of her majesty, since the death of the Prince Consort, from the fashionable world, and, consequently, the court-levees and balls come off very seldom; thus depriving the haberdashers &c. of sales in extravagant wearing apparel. Crowned heads are expected to spend their money profusely to gain popularity among the middling classes. Napoleon understands this fact and keeps up his popularity by giving employment to all the working classes, in order that they will not have time to talk and plot.

In our next we propose to overhaul our notes taken in Paris during the Great Exposition.

B. S. T.

NEW YORK, March, 1869.

REMINISCENCES
OF THE
GREAT MEN OF OTHER DAYS.

BY JOHN COLLINS M'CABE, D. D.

"It is not only commended by ancient practice to celebrate the memory of great and worthy men, as the best thanks which posterity can pay them, but also the examples of virtue are of more vigor when they are thus contracted into individuals." DRYDEN.

"Lives of great men all remind us
We can make our lives sublime,
And, departing, leave behind us
Footprints on the sands of time."
LONGFELLOW.

JOHN MARSHALL, Chief Justice of the United States, was born on the 24th of September 1755, in the small village of Germantown, in Fauquier County, Virginia, and died in Philadelphia on the 6th of July, 1835.

To write the biography of Judge Marshall would be to fill volumes—for it would be, in a great measure, the history of the leading events of the country with which his name was associated for more than half a century. I shall not, therefore, enter on so ambitious a task, but confine myself to the briefest outline of his public career; and, with here and there extracts from unpublished memoranda in my possession, and my own recollections of the "Old Chief," as he was called, together with authenticated anecdotes of the man, close, as rapidly as I can, say in two or three or four numbers, my first sketch of one of the great men of other days.

His father was an officer of the Continental Line, a native of Westmoreland county, Virginia, and distinguished himself in the battles of Trenton and Brandywine. His mother, Mary Keith, was the daughter of a Scotch Episcopal Clergyman, who, being involved in the rebellion of 1715 in favor of the so called Pretender, was forced to fly his country and came to Virginia, and located in Fauquier county.

Although the father of John Marshall was a man of limited resources, so much so that he could not afford to give his son a thorough classical education, yet, by his judicious training of him under his own personal supervision in his early years, was doubtless laid the foundation of that *character* which in after years shone so conspicuously in the life of the Chief Justice of the United States.

The Bible, Shakspeare, Milton, Pope, and Dryden, were his principal studies, as we learn from Mr. Horace Binney, and "these, with judicious histories, were the only volumes placed within his reach until his fourteenth year." At the age of fourteen he was sent by his father to a clergyman named Campbell, residing in Westmoreland, for the purpose of studying Latin, where he had for a classmate, James Munroe, subsequently President of the United States.

He returned to Fauquier, and resumed for a year his classical studies under a Scotch clergyman named Thompson—he knew nothing of Greek, as we are assured on competent authority:—and this, the two years study of Latin, was the extent of his classical education.

From this beginning, as one of his eulogists has informed us, "John Marshall wrought out in after life a comprehensive mass of learning which accomplished him for every station which he filled, and he filled the highest of more than one description."

In his 18th year he commenced the study of law, but in consequence of the threatening aspect of affairs between the Colonies and the Mother Country, instead of devoting himself exclusively to the acquisition of legal science, with an intuitive perception of the result, he sat about learning the skill necessary for the battle field, in a volunteer corps of his native county.

The threatened storm soon burst upon the Colonies, and the first news of the battle of Lexington found young Marshall ready to venture his life in the cause of his injured country. The following, furnished a distinguished gentleman some few years since by a near relation of the Chief Justice, after his, Judge Marshall's, death, is not without interest at this stage of our sketch: "It was in May, 1775. He was then a youth of 19. The muster field was some twenty miles distant from the C. H. and in a region of country peopled by tillers of the earth. Rumors of the occurrence near Boston, had circulated with the effect of alarm and agitation, but without the means of ascertaining the truth, for not a paper was printed nearer than Williamsburg, nor was one taken within the bounds of the militia company, though large. The Captain had called the company together, and was expected to attend, but did not. Soon after, Lieutenant Marshall made his appearance on the ground; those who knew him clustered about him to greet him, others from curiosity and to hear the news. He proceeded to inform the company that the Captain would not be there, that *he* had been appointed Lieutenant instead of a better, and that he had come to meet them as fellow soldiers who would be likely to be called upon to defend their country and their rights, invaded by the British—that there had been a battle in Lexington, Massachusetts, between the British and Americans, in which the latter were victorious; but, that more fighting was expected, that soldiers were called for, that it was time to brighten their fire-arms, and learn to use them in the field; and, that, if they would fall into a single line, he would show them the new manual exercise, for which purpose he had brought his gun, bringing it at the same time to his shoulder. The sergeant put the men into line, and their fugleman put himself in front to the right."—"I have now before me," writes his venerable kinsman, "his figure. He was about six feet high, straight, and rather slender, of dark complexion showing little, if any rosy red, yet good health; the outline of his face nearly a circle, and within that, eyes black to darkness, strong and penetrating, beaming with intelligence and good nature. An upright forehead, rather low, was terminated in a horizontal line by a mass of raven black hair of unusual thickness and strength. The features of his face were in harmony with the outline, and the temples fully developed. The result of this combination was interesting, and very agreeable. The body and limbs indicated agility rather than strength, in which, however, he was by no means deficient. He wore a purple, or pale blue hunting shirt, (and trowsers of the same material) fringed with white. A round black hat mounted with the bucktail for a cockade, completed the figure and the man. He went through the manual exercise by word and motion deliberately planned and performed, in the presence of the company, before he required the men to imitate him, and then proceeded to exercise them with the most perfect temper. Never did a man possess a temper more happy, or if otherwise, more subdued, or better disciplined. After a few lessons the company was dismissed, and informed that if they wished to hear more of the war, and would form a circle around him, he would tell them what he knew about it. The circle was formed, and he addressed them for nearly an hour. I remember, for I was near him, that he spoke at the close of his speech of the "Minute Battallion" about to be raised, and said he was going into it, and expected to be joined by many of his hearers. He then challenged an acquaintance to a game of quoits, and they closed the day with foot-races, and other athletic exercises *at which there was no betting.*"

"This is a portrait," says a distinguished cotemporary of the Chief Justice, "to which in simplicity, gaiety of heart, and manliness of spirit, in everything but the symbols of a youthful soldier, and one or two of those lineaments which the hand of time, however gentle, changes, and, perhaps improves, he never lost his resemblance. All who knew him well, will recognize its truth to nature."

The determination which the youthful Marshall announced to his friends on the muster ground was no idle declamation. Unlike those who warm into eloquence on the subject of war, when its prospect is distant, but when its thunders break, prefer the race with the swift, rather than the battle with the strong, or like the inimitable Artemas Ward, who said he was willing to sacrifice *all* his wife's relations for "the vigorous prosecution of the war,"—the summer of 1775 saw the name of John Marshall enrolled on the lists of the "Minute Battallion," with the rank of Lieutenant; and in the battle of Great Bridge, near Norfolk, when Lord Dunmore was defeated and forced to his ships, the subject of our sketch shared in the triumphs of the victory, and had full and honorable mention of his name in connexion with that engagement. The next year, as Lieutenant in the 11th Virginia Regiment, he marched to the Middle States, where in 1777 he was promoted to a Captainey.

At Brandywine, Germantown, and Iron Hill, the tall form of the young captain might have been seen towering in the hottest strife, and his bold manly voice been heard uttering its tones of cheer. Three times was he in the battle's brunt with George Washington, and twice in the fields of Brandywine and Monmouth with that young and gallant Frenchman, who leaving the purple clusters of his viney France to blush for other eyes, drew his chivalrous blade in the cause of young freedom, and was proud to be called "the adopted son of Washington"—the brave Layfayette! "The officers of the Virginia line" says Judge Story, "appeared almost to idolize John Marshall."

He was again in the field at the battle of Stony Point, and, in October 1780, when Virginia was invaded by a British force, under the infamous Benedict Arnold, Marshall was again at his post. But why enumerate all this of the young soldier, when the campaign of '78, would of itself have stamped undying glory upon the history of the humblest subaltern in that immortal band, "who," in the eloquent language of Horace Binney, "unsurpassed in earth's annals, unpaid, almost starving and naked, left the bloody footprints of their toil-worn march upon the snows of Valley Forge, in that vigorous winter, and who never turned their faces from their country in resentment, or from their enemies in fear."

Before passing on to behold John Marshall in the more extended field of his usefullness, and in his rising fame, I cannot better close this present number, without one more tribute to the man from that distinguished lawyer, and personal friend of the Chief Justice, Horace Binney.

—"A man of the people, deriving his existence from a cultivator of the earth, a stranger during youth to all the indulgencies which nourish a sense of superiority to others, or deaden the sympathy with the humble; imbibing his morality, his knowledge, his tastes, his estimate of mankind from a brave and virtuous yoeman, and at the age of nineteen seizing a sword from the armory of his country, and, without the thirst for military glory, or the love of command, carrying it for six years unsheathed in the cause of equal rights:—such a man, at the age of twenty-five, must have turned out his father's blood from his veins, and have dug out from the native soil of his heart, every seed and plant of his youth, or he could have had no choice but to live and to die, a republican!"

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

The Middletown Transcript.

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 20, 1869.

More Rail Roads.

The people of Cecil are hard at work with the view of making a railroad connection between Massey's, in Kent county, and Elkton. A committee was appointed, at the meeting on the 11th, to go to Baltimore, to arouse old Rip Van Winkle from his long continued nap. If they succeed, they will be more successful than any one else has been, for the attempt has often been made, but failed. We hear, occasionally, through the Baltimore press, something of Baltimore enterprise, but we do not know of what it consists. A most unaccountable indifference has marked the course of that city towards her interests on the eastern shore of the Chesapeake, and if she manifests any concern for them now, it will be a wonder. The subject of a closer rail road connection with Baltimore was vividly presented to a citizen of that city who recently paid a brief visit to this town, and when he comprehended its importance to Baltimore, he was wonder-struck, that nothing had been done. Perhaps the committee may be able to find a few more like him, and succeed, at last, in brushing the scales from the eyes of the business men of Baltimore.

Delaware, by her easy communication with those cities, is rapidly becoming one of the suburban outposts of Philadelphia and New York. Strawberries, picked in Sussex in the morning, are "smothered in cream" in some refectory of Gotham, the same evening, and served for the delectation of her citizens. The luscious peach, which glisters in the light of the morning sun, in the ample orchards around Middletown, is temptingly displayed the same evening in those cities, and becomes the *open sesame* to the purse-strings of their month-watering denizens. But, Delaware wants to get nearer still to Philadelphia and New York, and she means to do it, by hook or by crook; or, rather, by taking the crooks out of the highways which lead to them, and by striking a bee-line, or an air-line, right towards them. For this purpose, a new Rail Road project is brought forward, and measures have already been taken to obtain a charter from the Legislature to construct a Rail Road from Middletown, or from the State Line, near Warwick, via Middletown and Odessa, to Port Penn, on the Delaware, thence to the mouth of Salem or Alloway's Creek, per steamer, thence by the Camden and Amboy, or the most direct route to New York. This route to take effect after the expiration of the term of the Frenchtown and New Castle monopoly, which we believe, is in 1872. This whole Peninsula, it would seem, is destined to become interlaced with rail roads, in all its parts, and will be made the fruit and vegetable garden of those great marts of trade, and thus drain their surplus wealth into the coffers of the fortunate holders of the soil in this highly favored region. Land is pretty well advanced in price here, now, but it is nothing to what it will be. It has not yet attained half way to its maximum value, and some of the finest speculations that ever were made in real estate, yet remain to be made on this Peninsula. Push on your Rail Roads! they are the Aladdin's Lamp that will transmute your produce into gold!!

ERRATA.—Nothing is more provoking than the great and little errors which will ever and anon creep into print, despite all the efforts to keep them out. As a general thing an imperfect chirography is at the bottom of them; but, sooth to say, the compositors are sometimes at fault too. In a majority of cases the good sense of the reader is able to make the necessary corrections, and it is hardly worth while to burden one's columns with the publication of errata, unless it be a matter of sufficient importance to republish the text. We have before us a formidable list of a dozen, in one article from a valued contributor, to whom this explanation is due: On the day his article went to press we were occupied in moving, and did not see the proof at all, but entrusted it to another, whose inexperience is the best apology we can make for the long list of errors left uncorrected.

Another letter is also before us, pointing out sundry errors which occurred in the review of Stockholder and Sinapis. We try to have our manuscript printed correctly, but we are frequently pressed for time, and unless the author has written with due care, errors are apt to occur. We hope, therefore, that our contributors will observe more accuracy, and that we shall be spared the mortification consequent upon these mishaps. Long experience has enabled us to decipher anything less difficult than Egyptian hieroglyphics, but all manuscript cannot pass under our own eye; some of it must necessarily be entrusted to others.

The tax bill recently reported in the Legislature, meets with but little favor anywhere. A meeting was held here, on Wednesday evening last, for the purpose of remonstrating against it. The proceedings will be found in another column.

The Delaware Legislature.

The session is drawing towards its close, and the most important legislation yet remains to be attended to. We appreciate the difficulties surrounding that body. Revenue must be provided, and the imposition of more taxes upon an already overtaxed people, is a most ungracious task. The revenue bills are three in number—an act to tax Railroads and Canals, an act providing Revenue for the State, and an act to tax National and State Banks. The second is the source of much complaint, but let our Legislators prune out the objectionable parts of the bill, perfect the same as far as practicable, and pass it, or else provide a better one. Let no desire to close their labors tempt them into hasty legislation. Better to take more time and give the measures before them closer consideration, than to hurry the session to a close enacting imperfect laws. A correspondent of the Smyrna Times makes the following allusion to the Lottery project:

Mr. Jump being desirous of paying off the whole debt of the State and thereby rid the people of the burdens of taxation, has introduced into the House a bill to charter a lottery grant to Geo. W. S. Nicholson for a bonus of $600,000 to be paid in forty semi-annual payments of $15,000 each, and the funds thus accruing to be invested in State or National Bank Stock, and to be applied to the payment of the indebtedness of the State at maturity, and for no other purposes.

Efforts are still being made to perfect and pass a school law, with what success remains to be seen.

George Earle, Esq. of Millersville, Anne Arundel county, Md. formerly a law partner of Mr. Creswell, in Elkton, is upon the slate for the post of First Assistant Post Master General. Mr. Earle is a gentleman of strictly methodical business habits, and will make a most efficient officer. As Clerk of the Court of Appeals his administration of the office was unrivalled.

President Grant has had recourse to a piece of magnificent strategy to circumvent an intractable Senate which still refuses to repeal the obnoxious Tenure-of-Office Act. He will make no appointment, of any importance, until that act is repealed. If he will play that card the Senate is euchred, for it is the "right bower," and is sure to win. The game is in his own hands.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

AN INCIDENT AT NEWARK.—The Wilmington Republican tells the following story:—A young woman left North East, Md. a few days ago, for the purpose of walking to Philadelphia, in order to escape the obloquy that might arise from an increase in the population of our country. On reaching Newark she felt so greatly fatigued that she concluded that she would travel the balance of the distance in the cars, and accordingly took a seat in the ladies room, to await the coming of the train. In a short time she was attacked with pain and while the lady of the place was about procuring something for her relief, a little stranger entered the world, greatly to the consternation of the parties present. The ticket agent as well as his wife and family were greatly alarmed at this unceremonious intrusion and were at a loss to determine what course to pursue. After consultation one of the family was dispatched post haste for the trustee of the poor. That functionary was surrounded by ladies, and the messenger could not do more than tell him that he was wanted immediately at the depot, on business of great importance, when he rode off leaving him entirely oblivious of the nature of the pressing necessity of his visit. After various surmises on the part of all present the trustee made his way to the depot and was glad to find that the matter was not more serious. At his suggestion the strangers were properly cared for that night, and in the morning quarters were provided with an Irish family in the vicinity, where the mother and her son are doing well.

The Kent County Rail Road Company have resolved to construct their own work, furnishing everything but labor. Mr. Jeremiah Mahoney, of Wilmington, Del. has contracted for section 2, from Massey's to Kennedyville, as follows:—To grade at 28 cents per cubic yard, for one mile or less; and where the haul is over one mile, 33 cents a cubic yard. Mr. Mahoney stipulates to lay the iron for $425 per mile, and ballast the track for 50 cents per cubic yard.

Chicken thieves are warned not to take any poultry in this section. Chickens and turkeys are dying from disease in great numbers on the farms in this vicinity; and if the rogues should get a diseased chicken or turkey in their dinner pots, the consequences might be more disastrous to them than the whipping-post, for they might be sent, by a short cut, across the Styx.

THE PEACH CROP.—A correspondent of the Commercial in writing from Kent co. says:

The germs of the largest half of the fruit buds in this vicinity have been killed by the late cold spell.

Henry Clayton, Esq. of St. Georges Hundred, advertises strawberry, raspberry, blackberry and other plants. Also the Early Rose, Early Goodrich, Harrison and Monitor potatoes.

D. L. Dunning has been appointed Postmaster at this place. It is Mr. Dunning's intention to remove the Post Office to the central room in the Town Hall, a very convenient location.

A meeting of the citizens of White Clay Creek Hundred, was held at the Deer Park Hotel in Newark, last Tuesday evening, to protest against the passage of the tax bill reported in the Legislature.

The first session of the Wilmington Annual Conference of the M. E. Church met in that city on Wednesday, the 17th inst. Bishop W. Simpson presiding.

Don't forget to patronize the children at the Town Hall, next Thursday night.

Fresh herring were in market yesterday at 40 cents per dozen.

Railroad Meeting at Elkton, Md.

A large meeting of citizens favorable to the construction of a railroad to or near Galena, in Kent county, to connect with the Kent county railroad, was held at Elkton, Md. last week. The Elkton papers have the following report of the proceedings:

Hon. Hiram McCullough was called to the chair, and G. W. Cruikshank appointed secretary. Mr. Cruikshank made a statement of the plans and object of the meeting, demonstrating the feasibility of the measure. He stated that the distance of the road to be built is but two miles farther to Elkton than to Middletown, while the distance from Elkton to Philadelphia is seven miles shorter than from Middletown to Philadelphia. By this route the distance to Baltimore would be lessened more than fifty miles, and Baltimore be allowed equal chance with Philadelphia, and the great tide of commerce, now drifting to other ports, could be saved to those of our own State. Local improvements would spring up, and the tendency to form strange alliances would be checked. The scheme is now practicable, but if neglected will be hereafter impossible.

Mr. McCullough stated that of his knowledge the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad Company favored this measure, and would do all consistent with its province to aid it.

Col. Heckart suggested the want of a charter, and further, that the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad Company could, under their charter, confer the power to build the road through Cecil.

Mr. George T. Money, of Delaware, stated that a majority of the directors of the Kent county road favored the divergence of the road to this terminus, and would cheerfully co-operate with us, if assurance were given them of a practical effort to aid them. He advised that a committee be appointed to confer with the Kent Railroad Company.

Col. Heckart thought it more practical to form committees to procure subscriptions, and demonstrate the practicability of our measure before conferring with the Kent company.

Mr. G. M. Eldridge stated that under the proposed route the lands of persons whom he represented would be cut for more than a mile, and that such land would be cheerfully donated to the company.

Mr. H. F. Eldridge moved that a committee of two be appointed to go to Chestertown to confer with authorities respecting this measure. Messrs. F. H. Eldridge and Geo. B. Money were appointed said committee.

Mr. Cruikshank moved and it was carried that Hon. H. McCullough and Wm. J. Jones, Esq. be appointed a committee to visit Baltimore, and confer with the railroad men, capitalists and others there, looking to this interest.

Messrs. Wm. T. Weldon, Wm. Lindsey, Dr. R. C. Mackall, James McCauley and G. W. Cruikshank were appointed a committee to solicit local subscriptions.

Mr. G. M. Eldridge moved that a committee be appointed to make investigations of the old surveys made at various times, of this route. Messrs. G. M. Eldridge and J. J. Heckart were appointed said committee.

On motion of Dr. Mackall, Messrs. D. C. Blackistone, J. J. Heckart, J. J. Lockwood, T. H. P. Murphy, John Peach, Jacob Tome, Samuel Gillespie, John W. Davis, Daniel Bratton and F. H. Eldridge were added to the committee to solicit subscriptions.

On motion of Dr. Mackall, the name of Jacob Tome was added to the committee to visit Baltimore.

On motion of G. M. Eldridge, the committee appointed to visit Chestertown were further authorized to confer with the engineer of the Kent railroad, with a view to securing a reconnoisance of the proposed route. The meeting adjourned to meet again the next Thursday.

The Democrat adds:

It seems hardly possible that a project so practicable and which must embrace the interest of so many, can be allowed to languish for want of proper interest. We trust that the people of Kent and Cecil counties, and indeed the whole Eastern Shore, will be induced to take an active part in this enterprise, and that Baltimore will not remain inactive when a scheme upon which depends so much of that city's commercial and perhaps political welfare is struggling into existence.

Wednesday last was the natal day of Erin's patron Saint, held in profound reverence by all true Emeralders. The day was cold and cheerless, straggling snow flakes falling nearly all day. Chilling and cheerless as the day usually is, it cannot repress the genial warmth of the true Irish heart, which will indulge itself, one way or another, on or, in reference to, St. Patrick's Day, either by a cup of poteen, snatches of old Irish songs, or by the ebullition of that native wit with which every son of the Emerald Isle is bubbling over. Here is a sample of it, which, if not the work of a native Hibernian, certainly is of the son of one. It was handed to us, as never having appeared in print before, but it savors of antiquity:

St. Patrick's Day, March 17.

On the eighth day of March, 'twas, some people say
That St. Patrick, at midnight, first saw the day.
While others declare 'twas the ninth he was born
And 'twas all a mistake, between midnight & morn
For mistakes *will* occur, in a hurry or shock,
So some blamed the baby, and some blamed the clock.
Till with all their cross questions, sure no one could know
If the child was too fast, or the clock was too slow,
At last both the factions so positive grew
That each kept a birth-day, so then Pat got two,
'Till ould Father Mulcarthy, who showed them their sins,
Said "No one had two birth-days except 'twas twins,"
Says he, "Boys don't be fighting for 8 or for 9,
Don't be always deriding, but sometimes combine,
Add the 8 to the 9, and 17 is the mark,
So let that be his birth-day,"—"Amen," says the clark,
If he was not a twin, sure our history will show
That at least he's worth any two saints that we know,
Then they all got blind drunk which completed their bliss,
And so they keep up the practice from that day to this.

Correspondence of the Middletown Transcript.

KENT COUNTY, Md.

Editor Transcript.—The full campaign for political offices was inaugrated at the Metropolitan centre for Kent County one evening last week. A meeting has been held, of the faithful, and in accordance with the ukase of the Autocrat the offices have been distributed. It is decreed who shall be Sheriff, who shall be nominated for County Commissioners, and who shall be allowed to aspire to Legislative honors. Capable, honest men are thrust aside to give place to others who know better how to wield the whiskey influence. Life long Democrats are snubbed and overslaughed, to make room for Conservatives—and gentlemen of sterling abilities and of the highest character are shelved—that the Chestertown Junta may secure the proper tools to do their bidding. The nominations are virtually made, and if we may judge from the past, a nomination is tantamount to an election. The whole business is cut and dried in the process of drying; away in midsummer, or early fall, primary meetings will be called in the districts to ratify the decrees of the Regency, and strange to say, it will be done. It always has been done and may be expected again. Between this time and the day of nomination the dictator and his clique will be as busy as beavers, in whipping in discontented democrats, in honeyfugling lukewarm conservatives, and where it can be done, bamboozling sturdy republicans. The rural districts are to be kept in blissful ignorance until the web of influence is woven and spread, and there is no possibility of escape. There will be some surprise at this early revelation, and doubts may arise as to its credibility. It can be proved by the exhibition of the programme.

Two of the present County Commissioners, who have been Whigs—Unionists—Republicans, and are still Know-Nothings, are to be retained. The other is an old Democrat, and cannot be manipulated by the Regency. A more pliant conservative must take his place. Conservative! that is the word—a kind of table delicacy—compounded with feminine skill of acidulous fruits and saccharine matter—a sweet morsel is a conservative; not perhaps so healthy a diet for the democracy as their old regimen of honest hog and hominy, but Democracy is growing delicate, and if the sourest crab-apple Radical can be simmered in sugar and made a conservative he is easily swallowed, no matter how indigestible. Conservative is to be made Sheriff, for whom an old democrat is to be set aside. One of the best, most industrious and efficent Legislators the county has had in many years, is ordered to stand back, to make room for a Conservative, who declares open war against the clique who will nominate him. He has taken ground against the town Regency, and he must be got back by an office. An old democrat who has waited long for something to turn up, and labored hard for his party is as "a sop to Cerberus" to be made a collector. How do I know the secrets of the Cabal? All parties and factions have their leaky vessels, and the mongrel party now ruling in Kent county is not an exception. The men selected to be nominated, and elected next fall can be named now. How long will the intelligent yeomanry of Kent County submit to this usurpation? How long is the glorious old Democratic party to be compelled to bow the knee to this modern Baal called conservatism? Just so long as it refuses to unite against the Court House regency. Never will the rural districts wield their proper influence until they combine and assert their independence. Then why not rally at once and organize to subvert the dominant autocracy. This word is used advisedly and deliberately. Every reader in this County will fully understand it. Let then the friends of free thought, free speech, and free Press—the friends of the equal rights of town and county, meet and make nominations without regard to party, and select the best men of the County for places of trust, both for the Legislature and county offices, and they can be elected. As a suggestion, let the meetings be held at Galena, Kennedyville, Chestertville, Hanesville, and Bekair, on Saturday evening March 27th at 3 o'clock, P. M. and make one united effort for the emancipation of the County from the thraldom of the Chestertown Regency.

But "can these dry bones live?" We shall see. I am not a politician. I do not profess to belong to a Party. I claim to belong to myself. I readily recognize that I owe certain duties to my country, to my neighbors and to my God—but none to party. The degrading shackles of Party cannot bind me. I pity the man who can be thus bound. He is the veriest slave, while he is free indeed whom the truth makes free. In the interests of this freedom I urge my fellow citizens of Kent County to assert their independence.

The idea of vassalage is inherent in, and inseparable from Party, if its policy is not simply one ideaism. Take an illustration from the presently existing parties. The Republican advocates universal suffrage, equality before the law, and, if its platform can be understood, the payment of the government bonds in gold. How many of them heartily assent to all these dogmas? No matter how averse a man may be to one of them, or more than one, yet he must take the dose prescribed or he cannot be a Republican.

So of the Democratic party, a man may heartily entertain the idea of paying the bonds in gold and as cordially abominate civil equality with the negro race. As a party man he must surrender his opinion on one point to enable him to assert it on the other. But sacrifices must be made for the good of the party. Well! what then? Why "Jeshurun waxed fat and kicked." The party calls in a mass of heterogeneous elements, and all who will not, or conscientiously cannot, endorse the doings of this hybrid thing, object to the tyranny of a secret conclave are to be trampled in the mire.

United by "the cohesive attraction of public plunder" they riot on the spoils of office, and stick at nothing to retain their power. Blessed be the man who can afford to speak and vote as he thinks right. Wretched is he who "cannot dig, and to beg is not ashamed." All honor to the toil of mind or muscle that elevated the man above the partizan, and enables him to say "I can dig, and beg of any party I am ashamed."

I am informed that the p. t. Transcript has made another guess, and ascribed the authorship of these letters to another party. Wonder if he is right this time? May not a dozen or a score have a hand in? I only throw out the hint asserting nothing.

Truly yours
SINAPIS.

NARROW ESCAPE.—Mrs. S. M. Felton, wife of Mr. S. M. Felton, President of the Philadelphia and Baltimore Central Railroad, and for many years President of the P. W. and B. Railroad Co. came near losing her life, a few days since, while travelling with her husband to Mobile from New Orleans. Mrs. F. attempted to enter a sleeping car from another, just as the train started, when she slipped and fell between the two cars, falling on the track between the rails, where she remained perfectly quiet until the train passed, escaping all injury with the exception of the loss of two fingers on her right hand.

The Smyrna Times says Asa E. Worden, has contracted to saw up the timber of about 500 acres of the celebrated Cedar Swamp in Thoroughfare Neck. He has started his circular saw with portable engines, in the woods. There are about 1500 acres in this tract, containing some of the finest cedar timber in the State, and is only equalled by the Cypress Swamp, in Sussex, we believe.

DORCHESTER AND DELAWARE RAILROAD.—This road, which is to run from Seaford to Cambridge, and is already half built, will shortly be pushed forward to completion. Rails have been delivered and track laying will soon be resumed.

The President has appointed General James Longstreet, formerly of the rebel army, to be Surveyor of Customs, at New Orleans.

A Methodist prayer-meeting in Hartford Ct. prayed that General Grant might give up tobacco.

From the Chestertown Transcript.

☞ The "friend" of the Middletown Transcript, the enemy of the Chestertown Transcript, and of Chestertown, again, after several week's cogitation, occupies a column of the Middletown paper.

He starts out with the declaration that he has sought no controversy with the Chestertown editors. With the *Editors*, no—but with one editor, certainly. *We* have lost our temper and appear in a rage; the other parties are only a little less cool and courteous than usual. We understand; the exposition of a certain little Northern correspondence has neither been forgiven or forgotten; and if certain parties do not beware they will find some day they have been nursing a viper. Those who toy with reptiles, for the amusement or annoyance of others, generally end by getting stung.

But the "identity of Sinapis" is placed among the irrelevant issues. Not quite so irrelevant as he seems to suppose; for if he will sign his name, the whole force of his articles are gone; and in this partial concealment he has at least shown one spark of wisdom. But even here his vanity got the mastery, when he declared to a citizen of this town that he intended "to give them another mustard plaster." The assertion that we have attempted to pry into the affairs of the post office, is simply untrue; the fact that a certain meddling and scribbling individual received the Middletown paper, was common report here; and if Sinapis desires his name he can have it.

But again, this Sinapis says, Do we know that his communications were not offered to the Chestertown papers? We know they were not offered to this office; and we believe if they had been offered to the other, that fact would have been too gladly paraded.

He refers to a communication which was excluded from the press of the town. But one communication in reference to the railroad has been declined by this paper—and that was prepared by one person and offered by another—the first paragraph of which contained a slur at the editor of this paper; this, by gracious permission, was to be struck out. This communication was offered immediately previous to the last election for directors, its purpose was to aid the election of a set of directors who would change the location of the road, which had then been fixed upon and contracted for, the western terminus of which was Swan Creek. We refused to publish it upon these grounds, and so told the reputed author.

But this man, having done what he can to injure the press of his County, and the leading hotel of his County Town, now turns his attention to our prominent citizens. His morbid imagination supplies facts to hand in his crusade against our town and those of our citizens who are connected with the railroad. In direct conflict with the real facts, he assumes that "the leading men of Chestertown do earnestly and persistently oppose the extension of the Kent County railroad to any terminus on the shore of the Chesapeake." It is difficult to understand how he could have remained in such ignorance on this subject as to credit, for a moment, the truthfulness of his own assumption. He must know—or at least could have known—the citizens of this town, so far as the action of their representative at the board may be regarded as reflecting their wishes, *have always and do now favor* the Western terminus of the road on the waters of the Chesapeake or at Deep Landing. It is known generally that in 1867, when the road was located, and the Chestertown influence was supposed to prevail in the board, the then President of the road and the Chestertown director aided in fixing the terminus at Deep Landing. It is also a fact that at their instance the advertisement, for a contract for construction, was delayed for a time, in order to get the surveys completed to Deep Landing, so as to secure a contract for the entire road. A contract for the *entire* road, in which the then President and the Chestertown director took a leading part, was made, and the funds of the Company equally appropriated, so far as practicable, on every part of the road. Does Sinapis hope, with these facts staring him in the face, to make any one believe that Chestertown is opposed to the Bay terminus of the road.

We understand that the director from Chestertown has never, since the old contract was abandoned, opposed making the lower terminus at Deep Landing, but has insisted that the upper portion of the road be made first. But Sinapis, in explaining the reasons for his falsely assumed state of the case, presents the following statement:

"The answer is, in the language of a prominent citizen of the town, and a Stockholder and Director in the road, that such an extension would benefit Baltimore to the detriment of the town; whereas if Chestertown were made the Western terminus, Chester river would be alive with transports bringing the products of the surrounding country to the town, and Baltimore be wholly excluded from its benefits."

We are authorized by the only citizen of this town, who is now or ever has been a director in the road, to pronounce this whole statement a pure fiction, false from beginning to end.

The impudent gravity with which this man assumes injured innocence, and says he has not "desired or attempted to array Town and County "against each other," is truly wonderful, when in the very next sentence he says "that has been "done a long time ago by the arrogant assumption of the town to dictate to the country, and "absorb and control every common interest." Does he not know that the most important matters of general interest in the County, have, for years, been mainly in the hands of gentlemen from the country. The County Commissioners, who have charge of levying and disbursing the revenue of the County, have for many years been entirely managed by gentlemen from the country. This effort to stir up prejudice against our town in one who occasionally recommends the services of a missionary, and who himself undertakes, as has been hinted, to teach peace on earth and good will toward men, is most remarkable, and suggests the query whether he may not consider himself as favored with a dispensation from the sacred obligations of *truth*, love and charity.

We do not see what good he proposes to himself, to the community in which he lives or those in Delaware to whom he writes, beyond the gratification of his own personal spleen and of his disappointed vanity. He endeavors to fan up old slumbering prejudices for no other apparent purpose than to promote ill will against our town. We are satisfied, however, that his designs are well understood by the generous, high-minded and well-thinking people of the County, and that they are not disposed to regard with favor his efforts in this direction, or to allow themselves to be influenced thereby.

March 20, 1t.

Items of News.

So we are to have a new series of postage-stamps, with a whole wilderness of proud republican devices. "It is a system of symbolism confined for the most part to the "distinctive mission of our American institutions." What is that?

The famine in Sweden shows no signs of abatement, and the Diet has voted the sum of $340,000 to relieve the population in the province of Smaland, where great distress prevailed during the last winter.

The steamboat Ruth, burned on the Lower Mississipi on Monday last, was one of the largest and finest vessels on Western waters. The boat and cargo were valued at $230,000.

Cespedes is the leader of the Cuban insurgents, who hold half the Island, and are being heavily reinforced by men and furnished with munitions of war from this country.

Hon. James Guthrie, of Kentucky, Secretary of the Treasury under President Pierce, died at Louisville, on Saturday last, in the 74th year of his age.

Mrs. Jeremiah Ladd died on the 10th inst. at East Lyme, Ct. aged 108 years and 9 months. She was the oldest woman in the State.

One banker in Paris, M. Thibaudeau, holds £70,000 worth of Confederate bonds for which he paid fifty per cent of their face.

More Indian outrages are reported in Arizona and California.

DIED.

In New Castle, Del, Friday morning, March 12, Thomas Challenger, in his eighty-first year.

In Wilmington, on the 17th instant, Mary H. Lobb, aged seventy-three years.

On the 9th inst. in Throughfare Neck, Maurice Collins, Esq. aged 54 years.

THE MARKETS.

MIDDLETOWN MARKET.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY A. T. BRADLEY.

Wheat, Red, prime	$1 60@1 65
Corn yellow,	80
" white	75
Oats	40@45
Timothy Seed	4 50
Clover Seed	10 75
Eggs	25 cts ₰ doz
Butter	40@50 cts. ₰ lb
Chickens (Dressed)	15@16 " "
Ducks	18@19 " "
Geese	14@15 " "
Turkeys	19@20 " "
Lard	20@22 " "
Hogs	13@15 " "
Beef	20@22 " "
Hams	20@25 " "
Sides	19@20 " "
Shoulders	16@18 " "
Potatoes	75@ 90₰ bushel

PHILADELPHIA.

Prime red wheat	$1 60@1 65
orn, new yellow	90@92
Oats	73@75
Cloversced	$10 25
Timothy	$3 63

WILMINGTON.

Wheat red	$1 50@1 70
Corn, New	$90@92
Oats	73
Flour	$8 25@12 25

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Lenten Services next week.

The closing week in lent, known as *passion week*, from the commemoration of some of the most affecting events in the work of redemption: and *holy week*, from the devout exercises in which Christians employed themselves, at this time, as special acts of penitence for those sins which crucified the Lord of life;—will be observed by St. Ann's Protestant Episcopal Church, by holding suitable religious services in the Chapel, or Sunday School room, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday mornings of next week, with appropriate sermons on these occasions. An invitation is extended to all who may be disposed to attend. Service begins at 10½ o'clock, A. M.

INGRAM & GIBSON'S PRICE CURRENT.

Eggs	20cts.	Lard	20cts.
Butter	40.	Hogs	16.
Chickens, dressed	17.	Hogs, alive	13.
Ducks "	19.	Potatoes, round	65.
Turkies "	20.	Feathers	65.
Geese "	15.	Honey	20.
Beans		$2.00.	

The above prices will be paid in cash for produce delivered in good order: and we wish to say that we keep constantly on hand a good assortment of Groceries and Provisions which we will sell reasonably for cash, at the Corner of Broad and Anderson Streets, Middletown, Del.

March 20—tf INGRAM & GIBSON.

Spring Goods
IN GREAT VARIETY
Just received and for sale on reasonable terms at
March 20 JOHN A. REYNOLDS & SON.

DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS, and CATARRH treated with the utmost success, by J. ISAACS, M. D. and Professor of Disease of the Eye and Ear, in the Medical College of Pennsylvania, 12 years experience, (formerly of Leyden, Holland.) No. 805 Arch Street, Phila. Testimonials can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial eyes inserted without pain. No charge for examination.

FINE READY MADE CLOTHING.
228 MARKET STREET, 2nd Door below THIRD
WILMINGTON, DELAWARE.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF
Ready Made Clothing in Delaware,
Our Own Make, now on hand, and will be sold at less than Philadelphia Prices.

All our Clothing is made in Superior manner by PRACTICAL TAILORS.

The Proprietor having an experience of over thirty years in this Business, will guarantee satisfaction to any purchaser.

A full line of
FINE CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES, and
VESTINGS,
Constantly on hand for
ORDER WORK,
which will be made in the
☞ LATEST STYLE AND BEST MANNER,
At No. 228 Market Street,
☞ The Oldest Established Clothing Emporium in Delaware.

March 6—1y **Edward Moore.**

GRAND ENTERTAINMENT!!!
EXHIBITION
BY THE STUDENTS OF
MIDDLETOWN ACADEMY,
AT THE
NEW TOWN HALL,
ON THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 25th,
CONSISTING OF
Dialogues, Declamations, Tableaux, Select Reading, Music, &c.

THE Music, for the most part, will be furnished by the
STRING BAND
OR PHILO-HARMONIC SOCIETY OF SMYRNA
Under the direction of Prof. C. Morton, teacher of all kinds of Instrumental Music, and who has been engaged to give instruction in this branch in the Academy the coming Spring session.

The receipts of the occasion to be applied for the benefit of the Institution.

☞ Tickets 50 Cents—Children half price.

Doors open at 7—Exercises to commence at 7½.

March 20—1t.

FOR RENT,
The Rooms now occupied by J. J. Vanderford. Possession given 25th of March.
Apply to MARTIN E. WALKER,
March 20—tf Middletown, Del.

FOR SALE CHEAP,
A York Carriage and Harness.
Apply to J. J. VADERFORD,
March 20—1m. Middletown, Del.

100,000 No. 1 OSAGE ORANGE QUICKS, for sale by SAMUEL H. CRAWFORD,
March 20—1m* Near Warwick, Md.

THREE VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.

Situate near the Chapel on the Public road from Easton to Hillsboro', Md.

THE subscriber offers at Private Sale, Three Farms situate in Chapel District of Talbot county, as follows;

No. 1 CONTAINS ABOUT 250 ACRES

Of land more or less, improved by a good Two-Story DWELLING, nearly new; Out-Buildings in good repair, sufficient for all purposes. Good Peach and Apple orchards on the farm. Abundance of Wood and Timber.

No. 2,

Situate directly on the public road from Easton to Chapel, containing 110 ACRES, more or less. One Building on the land. Wood and Timber land sold with it if desired. Land a red clay soil, in good condition, and susceptible of a high state of cultivation.

No. 3,

Situate on the Public road from Chapel to Hillsborough, containing about 150 ACRES of land, more or less. One-story DWELLING in ordinary repair. Abundance of Wood and Timber; soil fair and easily improved.

For particulars apply to the undersigned, or to J. J. S. Nicholson, at the Chapel.

March 20—4t SARAH A. SCOTT.

GRAND
Vocal and Instrumental Concert!!
AT THE
TOWN HALL,
MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE,
ON
Tuesday & Wednesday Evenings
March 30th and 31st, 1869,
FOR THE BENEFIT OF
UNION LODGE, No. 5, A. F. A. M.

THIS CONCERT, (given under the auspices of the Masonic Fraternity) is designed to be of the highest order of merit known to the profession. Satisfied that this community will appreciate a first-class entertainment, no pains will be spared to make it such as will reflect credit upon all concerned. The acknowledged excellence of the celebrated Vocalists engaged for the occasion, is a guarantee to the lovers of harmony that they will be furnished with a rare musical treat.

Our own popular local Orchestra, THE AMPHIONS, will also add much to the entertainment; and the large Auditorium of the Town Hall is expected to be filled, each evening, to its utmost capacity. The following Vocalists have been engaged:

SOPRANOS.
MADAME HENRIETTA BEHRENS,
MISS ANNIE J. WELLS.

CONTRALTOS.
MRS. E. B. JOHNSON,
MISS LIZZIE A. WELLS.

TENORS.
PROFESSOR JOHN K. MacGOWAN,
J. T. WELLS.

BASSOS
J. G. MAREE,
A. R. DUTCHER.

PIANIST.
Professor A. BACHMAN.

The entire company to be under the direction of the well known popular musical purveyor, Mr. J. T. Wells, of Philadelphia.

The selections for the Programme will consist of Operatic Choruses, Trios, Duets, Solos, Popular Ballads, Comique and Sentimental, of the highest order.

Tickets for each evening—One Dollar; to be had at the Stores, and also at the Hall, on the evenings of the Concert. Children half price.

Doors open at 7 o'clock, Concert to commence at 8 o'clock.

A FESTIVAL

Will also be held in the Banquet Room, each evening, where will be provided every delicacy of the season.

February 20th, 1869

Rhodes Super Phosphate.
THE STANDARD MANURE.
MANUFACTURED BY
POTTS & KLETT,
Camden, New Jersey.

The attention of Farmers is especially called to
RHODES SUPER PHOSPHATE
As the most valuable and reliable manure for wheat and grass, as well as for other crops, as attested by an experience of fifteen years.

This long established and standard manure is prepared expressly for Drilling and particular care is taken to maintain the high reputation it has obtained.

We are prepared to furnish the Rhodes Super-Phosphate in bbls. or in bags of 200 lbs. as may be desired.

☞ For sale by dealers, and by
YARNALL & TRIMBLE,
418 *South Wharves*, 419 *Penn Street*,
PHILADELPHIA.
March 13—3m.

NOTICE---DISSOLUTION!

THE Copartnership hitherto existing between the undersigned, under the name of John A. Reynolds & Sons, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, E. Reynolds retiring.

All persons indebted to the late firm will please call and settle up to the 1st of January, 1869, as we wish the business all closed up to that date.

E. REYNOLDS.
S. M. REYNOLDS.

The undersigned will continue the business at the old stand, under the style of John A. Reynolds & Son.

Thankful for past favors, we hope, by strict attention to business, to merit a continuation of the same.

J. A. REYNOLDS,
S. M. REYNOLDS.

I take this opportunity to return my thanks to the public for the liberal patronage so kindly bestowed upon the late firm during my connection with it, and cordially ask a continuation of the same to my successor. E. REYNOLDS.

March 13th, 1869 —1m

NEW BAKERY,
IN MIDDLETOWN, DEL.
North East Corner of Lake and Broad Streets.

THE undersigned wishes to inform his friends and the public at large, that he has commenced the Baking Business in all its departments, and will keep constantly on hand,

Bread, Cakes, Crackers, Pies, Candy,

And will supply Weddings, and Parties, with all sorts of Cakes at short notice.

He has engaged a first class Baker to attend to the business.

He will also continue the Painting Business in all its Branches. FRANCIS TARONI.

March 6, 1869—tf

LOST.

A Note given by S. B. Sutton, and endorsed by Albert C. Newton, for $2,000 in favor of John M. Wood, given March 16th, 1868, at six months. The payment has been stopped.

March 13, 1869—3m JOHN M. WOOD.

The Middletown Transcript

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,

BY HENRY VANDERFORD.

☞ Office corner Main and Scott streets, over D. L. Dunning's Book and Variety Store.

TERMS.—$2.00 per annum, *payable in advance.* Single copies five cents.

ADVERTISING RATES.—One square of ten lines, $1 for the first insertion and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion. One square one year $16; six months $8. For a quarter of a column three months $8; six monhts $15; one year, with the privilege of four changes, $25; for half a column $50. Fractions of a square to be counted as a square. When the number of insertions is not marked, advertisements will be continued until forbid, and charged accordingly. Obituaries published at advertising rates; Marriages and Deaths inserted free. Yearly advertisers must confine their advertisements to their own business.

☞ All letters should be addressed to THE MIDDLETOWN TRANSCRIPT, Middletown, Del.

Opposition to the Tax Bill.

A meeting of the citizens of Middletown opposed to the Tax Bill now before the Legislature of Delaware, was held on Wednesday evening, 17th inst. The meeting was organized by calling John A. Reynolds, Esq. to the Chair, and appointing J. M. Cox, Secretary. The Chairman stated the object of the meeting, when on motion a committee of three was appointed by the Chair to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting in reference to said bill, viz:—A. G. Cox, J. T. Budd, and Charles Tatman, Jr. who submitted the annexed report.

WHEREAS, A Bill is now pending in the Legislature of this State, entitled, "An Act Providing Revenue for this State," and whereas, in the judgment of this meeting, said bill, if enacted into a law, would operate unjustly and unequally upon her citizens, exempting from a just proportion of the public burdens, the landed interest, the professions, and the public officers in this State, therefore,

Resolved, That while it is necessary to raise sufficient revenue to meet the requirements of the State, taxation should be imposed equitably upon all classes of our citizens, without discrimination.

Resolved, That this meeting, hereby gives expression to its respectful but earnest remonstrance against the passage of said bill.

Resolved, That the Chairman of this meeting appoint a committee to procure the signatures of our citizens to this remonstrance, and to present the same to the Legislature now in session.

In pursuance of the above resolution the Chairman appointed Messrs. J. M. Cox, Charles Tatman, Jr. James Scowdrick, Samuel W. Roberts, and on motion, the Chairman, John A. Reynolds, was added to the Committee.

Resolved, That these proceedings be published in the Middletown Transcript. On motion the meeting adjourned.

JOHN A. REYNOLDS, Ch'n.
J. M. COX, SEC.

The Pacific Steam Navigation Company's new steamer Santiago, from Valparaiso for Liverpool, was lost in the Straits of Magellan January 25. All on board except two sailors and a child were saved.

J. G. Gernish, City Treasurer of Lowell, Mass. has embezzled $30,000 or more city funds.

Ripe tomatoes, hot-house strawberries and cucumbers are plenty in the New York market.

A slight earthquake shock was felt in the eastern part of Lancashire, England, on Tuesday.

2,793,032 hogs have been packed in the West this season—315,868 less than last season.

The principal stockholder in the Independence Belge is a young girl of seventeen.

Heavy earthquake shocks continue along the Peruvian coast and in the interior.

Dr. Sharp, Grant's brother-in-law is to be Marshall of the District of Columbia.

PLANTS!

Plants!! Plants!!!

WOODSIDE

SMALL FRUIT NURSERY.

STRAWBERRIES,
RASPBERRIES,
BLACKBERRIES,
CURRANTS,
GOOSEBERRIES.

By the Dozen, Hundred and Thousand.

PRICES REDUCED!

ALSO a very large and choice selection of EARLY VEGETABLE PLANTS, grown under glass, with great care, comprising all the best varieties of

TOMATO, EGG, CABBAGE, PEPPER, AND *SWEET POTATO PLANTS.*

All Plants grown in my Hot Beds, except Sweet Potato, are transplanted from seed beds into new hot beds, thereby giving them more room to grow, making them better rooted and less liable to die when transferred from the hot bed to the open ground.

Early Smooth and Tilden Tomatoes, and Nansemond Sweet Potato Plants, furnished in large quantities, and shipped to any point on the Del. Railroad at shortest notice.

SEED POTATOES.

EARLY ROSE, by the pound only,

EARLY GOODRICH, HARRISON, AND MONITOR, by the bushel.

For further particulars, &c. apply to
HENRY CLAYTON,
March 13—3m. Mount Pleasant, Del

NOTICE,

THE Firm of J. Staats & Bro. machinists, &c. Warwick, Md. having been dissolved on the 12th of September last, by mutual consent, all persons indebted to said firm are requested to call and settle with the present firm of Staats & Stanert, who are authorized to close the business of the firm. S. J. STAATS & STANERT.
February 27, 1869.—2mos.

WEDDING RINGS.

No. 35½ SOUTH EIGHTH STREET,

PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA.

March 6—tf

Trustee's Sale.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of the State of Delaware, in and for New Castle Co. will be exposed to sale by way of Public Auction, on

Tuesday, March 23, 1869, *at* 12½ *o'clock, P. M.*

at the house of J. H. Walker, in Middletown, Del the described property, being the Real Estate of the late Charles Foster, dec'd, to wit:

A LOT OR PIECE OF GROUND,

beginning at the centre of a curb line on the Main street in the village of Middletown, being a corner for land of Lydia V. Cannon; from thence with a line of her land north one degree and ten minutes, west two hundred and nineteen feet six inches to a corner for George and Jacob Foster; therewith south eighty-eight and one-half degrees, east to land of Charles E. Anderson; thence with his line south one degree and five minutes, east two hundred and nineteen feet nine inches to the curb line on the aforesaid Main street, corner for said Anderson; thence with said curb north eighty-nine and one-half degrees, west forty-one feet ten inches to the beginning, containing ninety-three hundred and forty feet, more or less, with a two-story Frame Dwelling House, &c. thereon erected.

And it is ordered that the purchaser or purchasers thereof be and appear at the next Orphans' Court for New Castle county, that the Court may assign to him, her or them, the premises sold pursuant to said order, he, she or they with sufficient surety or sureties to be approved by the Court, entering into recognizance to the State, to be taken and acknowleged in said Court in a penal sum to be determined by the said Court, with condition to pay to the parties entitled severally their executors, administrators or assigns respectively, their just and proportionate shares of the said purchase money, with interest from such time as the Court may determine in manner and form as may by the direction of the said Court be prescribed and appointed in said condition.

Attendance will be given and terms of sale made known at the time and place aforesaid by JOHN H. RODNEY, Esq. or by his Attorney.

By order of the Court, BENJ. R. USTICK,
March 9—ts Clerk of Orphans' Court.

CARRIAGES,

CARRIAGES, CARRIAGES.

J. M. COX & BRO.

MIDDLETOWN,

DELAWARE,

☞ MANUFACTURE ALL KINDS OF

CARRIAGES.

ALL WORK FROM THIS ESTABLISHMENT

WARRANTED

TO GIVE ENTIRE SATISFACTION.

Repairing promptly attended to,

March 13—6mos.

Cecil Democrat, and Whig, News and Transcript, Chestertown, Smyrna Times, and Centreville Observer copy 6 months and send bill and paper to advertiser.

Farmers and Consumers Take Notice.

FARMERS & CONSUMERS OF DRY GOODS TAKE NOTICE!

THE most Reliable and Cheapest place to buy your Dry Goods is at

JOHN R. GREEN'S,

No. 7 NORTH SECOND STREET,

First Dry Goods Store above Market St.

PHILADELPHIA.

All Goods sold at a small advance over cost. Quick Sales—Small Profits, our motto. Honest and fair dealing the best policy. We guarantee to sell as cheap as any store in the city. Buyers visiting the city will be sure to find the best Sheeting & Shirting Muslins, at the very lowest market prices. Medium and fine white Flannels, Grey and Red Twilled Flannels, Ginghams, Blue Drill, Ticking, Check, Crash. Tip top assortment of

Table Linens, Towels, Napkins, Shirt Fronts, &c.

Always on hand, cheap.

A large assortment of soft-finished Cambric, Soft Mull, Victoria Lawn,

PLAID & STRIPED MUSLINS for DRESSES

Brilliante, Fig. Pique or Marseilles, Children's, Ladies' and Gent's Lined Hdkfs. Children's, Men's and Ladies' Bleached and unbl'd Hose, Gent's Merino Undershirts and Drawes, medium and low price. Dress Goods in season. Prints, all prices, red and black, Table Covers, &c.

We call attention to our large assortment of Men and Boys' Wear, low and medium price. All wool Cassimere, Satinets, Cottonades, Linendrills, Kentucky Jeans, &c.

We keep the best selection of Black Alpaca in this city. We exercise extreme caution in our purchasing of these goods, in order to procure perfect colors and good quality. We say, without fear of contradiction, we sell the best Black Alpaca in the city for the money. Constantly receiving Job Lots of Goods. Do not forget the No. 7 North Second Street, above Market Street, Philadelphia.

March 6—3m **John R. Green.**

TO FARMERS!!

S. J. STAATS & STANERT,

INFORM their friends and the public generally that they have taken Wilson's Shops, in WARWICK, MD. and will carry on the

Machine Business, Blacksmithing & Wheelwrighting.

All sorts of Jobbing and Repairing will be promptly attended to at moderate rates. Particular attention paid to

HORSE SHOEING, and also to PUMP MAKING.

They will also manufacture and keep for sale, a patent

HORSE POWER POST BORER,

an invaluable implement to farmers. It Bores Post, Points Rails, Mortises Posts, Saws Wood, &c.
March 6—2m.

☞ WHOOPING COUGH ☜

CURED BY

DELAVEAU'S CELEBRATED REMEDY.

☞ Price Fifty Cents.

Prepared at Sixth and Wood Sts. Philadelphia.

Ask your Druggist for it.

Mar. 6—1y

NOTICE!!

PERSONS who Bred Mares to the Stallions George M. Patchem and Prince Albert, last year, are hereby notified that the Money is now due, and prompt payment is expected, either by Cash or Note.

Mh. 13—1m* JAMES T. SHALLCROSS.

GREAT DISTRIBUTION

BY

The Metropolitan Gift Company.

Cash Gifts to the amount of $250,000.

Every Ticket draws a Prize.

FIVE cash gifts, each $10,000; 10 cash gifts, each $5,000; 20 cash gifts, each $1,000; 40 cash gifts, each $500; 200 cash gifts, each $100; 300 cash gifts, each $50; 50 elegant Rosewood Pianos, $300 to $750; 75 elegant Melodeons, each $75 to $100; 350 ewing Machines, each $60 to $175; 500 Gold Watches, each $75 to $300; Cash Prize, Silver Ware, etc. all valued at $1,000.

A chance to draw any of the above Prizes for 25 cents. Tickets describing prizes are sealed in envelopes and well mixed. On receipt of 25 cts. a sealed ticket is drawn without choice and sent by mail to any address. The prize named upon it will be delivered to the ticket holder on payment of $1. Prizes are immediately sent to any address by express or return mail.

You will know what your prize is before you pay for it. Any prize exchanged for another of same value. No Blanks. Our patrons can depend on fair dealing.

REFERENCES.—We select the following from many who have lately drawn Valuable Prizes and kindly permitted us to publish them: S. T. Wilkins, Buffalo, $5,000; Miss Annie Monroe, Chicago, Piano, $650; John D. Moore, Louisville, $1,000; Miss Emma Walworth, Milwaukee, Piano, $500; Rev. E. A. Day, New Orleans, $500. We publish no names without permission.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS:—"The firm is reliable, and deserve their success."—*Weekly Tribune*, Oct. 8. "We know them to be a fair dealing firm."—*N. Y. Herald*, Oct. 58. A friend of ours drew a $500 prize, which was promptly received."—*Daily News*, December 3.

Send for circular. Liberal inducements to agents. Satisfaction guaranteed. Every package of sealed envelopes contains one cash gift. Six Tickets 1$; 13 for $2; 35 for 5$; 110 for $15. All letters should be address to

HARPER, WILSON & CO.
Feb. 13—3m 173 Broadway, N. Y

MIDDLETOWN STOVE HOUSE.

S. W. ROBERTS,

TAKES pleasure in announcing to his friends of Middletown and surrounding country, that the liberal patronge he has received has induced him to offer to the public the greatest variety, and best selected stock of Stoves, both Cooking and Heating, ever offered in Middletown, and at prices that cannot fail to please. Among the assortment are the following

COOK STOVES.

NIAGARA, NOBLE COOK, MONITOR
CORAL COOK, WM. PENN, LEHIGH,
and others made in the city.

PARLOR STOVES.

BRILLIANT, DEW DROP,
GAS BURNING BASE, UNION AIR TIGHT,
GEM, OUR PARLOR,
Also, SEXTON'S PARLOR HEATERS.

Stoves of all kinds suitable for Stores, Offices, Bar-rooms, and School Houses.

Also, the Morning Glory and the Oriental, both unsurpassed in beauty and efficiency. They can be seen in operation at the store of the proprietor.

All sizes of Bar-room Stoves and Ten-plate Stoves repaired at short notice.

Old Stoves taken in exchange,

☞ TIN WARE at wholesale and retail. ☜

As I have practical workmen employed, I think I can give satisfaction to all who favor me with their work. Particular attention paid to Roofing and Spouting.

S. W. ROBERTS,
Middletown, January 4, 1868—1y

THOMAS H. MASSEY, JR.

CLOCK AND WATCH MAKER,

Main Street, nearly opposite Walker's Hotel,

Middletown, Delaware

CLOCKS, Watches, Jewelry, &c. neatly and promptly repaired.

A fine assortment of Clocks, Watches, Plated Ware, Table Cutlery, Silver Napkin Rings, Silver Thimbles, Cake, Sugar and Tea Spoons, Butter Knives, Gold Breast Pins, Ear Rings, Finger-Rings, Sleeve Buttons, Watch Chains, Watch Keys, Key Rings, Steel Watch Chains, &c.

Dec. 12—tf.

LUMBER, LUMBER.

THE subscribers offer to the citizens of Middletown and surrounding country their thanks for the very liberal patronage they have received and embrace this medium in announcing to all builders and contractors and those in want o Lumber, that they are prepared to supply them on the most liberal terms. We have reduced our price, as the market has demanded, and we think that they will compare with the city prices. Our stock is very large, embracing a full assortment of

SPRUCE,
HEMLOCK,
AND OAK FRAMING STUFF,

ALL SIZES.

WHITE PINE BOARDS,
HEMLOCK "
OAK PLANK,
WHITE PINE DO.
WHITE PINE SIDING.
YELLOW PINE FLOORING,
HEMLOCK "
PLASTERING LATHES.
SPRUCE AND CYPRESS SHINGLES
PLAIN AND FANCY PICKETING,
SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.

Building Hardware,

☞ NAILS AND SPECIALITIES. ☜

BRICKS,
CALCINE PLASTER, LIME & HAIR

HEWES' PHOSPHATE.

PAINTS, OIL, TURPENTINE,
VARNISH, DRY JAPAN, GLASS.

J. B. FENIMORE & CO.,

On the Railroad, above the National Hotel.
January 25—tf

AMERICAN & SWISS WATCHES.

M. E. DICKSON,

No. 35½ SOUTH EIGHTH STREET,

PHILADELPHIA,

ASKS attention to his fine selected stock of

WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

Of the latest Styles and the best Factory make.

Silver Ware.

Sterling Silver Spoons, Forks, and Butter Knives, which will be sold at a very small advance.

☞ Particular attention paid to repairing Fine Watches and Jewelry.
March 6—tf

CHESTNUT POSTS, Green and Seasoned, For Sale, near Cayot's Corner, Cecil Co. Md.
March 6—1m* C. H. E. MASSEY.

SPRING, 1869.

CARPETS.

CARPETS.

CARPETS.

W. M. KENNARD,

304 & 306

MARKET STREET,

WILMINGTON,

DELAWARE.

Having enlarged and improved his Carpet Room and filled it with a choice assortment of

CARPETS,

MATTINGS,

OIL CLOTHS,

WINDOW SHADES, MATTS, &C.

Is now prepared to offer as good bargains as any house in New York or Philadelphia, his facilities for buying being equal to any.

BRUSSELS CARPETS.

SUPERFINE INGRAIN

CARPETS.

FINE INGRAIN CARPETS.

Medium Ingrain Carpets.

DUTCH WOVE

CARPETS.

Hall and Stair

CARPETS.

HEMP CARPETS.

OLD AND NEW

RAG CARPETS.

All Widths White and Red

MATTINGS.

All Widths Floor

OIL CLOTHS.

STAIR OIL CLOTHS.

WINDOW SHADES AND FIXTURES.

MATTS, &C. &C.

W. M. KENNARD,

304 & 306 Market st.

ABOVE THIRD,

WILMINGTON, DELAWARE.

Feb. 20, 1869—y.

1,000 MILES

OF THE

UNION PACIFIC

RAILROAD

ARE NOW COMPLETED.

AS 500 miles of the western portion of the line, beginning at Sacramento, are also done, but

267 Miles Remain

To be finished, to open the Grand Through Line to the Pacific. This Opening will certainly take place early this season.

Besides a donation from the Government of 12,000 acres of land per mile, the Company is entitled to a subsidy in U. S. Bonds on its line as completed and accepted, at the average rate of about $26,500 per mile, according to the difficulties encountered, for which the Government takes a second lien as security. Whether subsidies are given to any other companies or not, the Government will comply with all its contracts with the Union Pacific Railroad Company. Nearly the whole amount of bonds to which the Company will be entitled have already been delivered.

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS

AT PAR.

By its charter, the Company is permitted to issue its own First Mortgage Bonds to the same amount as the Government Bonds, *and no more*. These Bonds are a First Mortgage upon the entire road and all its equipments.

They have thirty years to run, at six per cent. and both

PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST

ARE

PAYABLE IN GOLD.

Such securities are generally valuable in proportion to the length of time they have to run. The longest six per cent. gold interest bonds of the U. S. (the '81's) will be due in 12 years, and they are worth 112. If they had 30 years to run, they would stand at not less than 125. A perfectly safe First Mortgage Bond like the Union Pacific should approach this rate. The demand for European investment is already considerable, and on the completion of the work will doubtless carry the price to a large premium.

SECURITY OF THE BONDS.

It needs no argument to show that a First Mortgage of $26,500 per mile upon what for a long time must be the only railroad connecting the Atlantic and Pacific States is perfectly secure. The entire amount of the mortgage will be about $30,000,000, and the interest $1,800,000 per annum in gold. The present currency cost of this interest is less than $2,500,000 per annum, while the gross earnings for the year 1868, from way business only, on an average of less than 700 miles of road in operation, were more than

FIVE MILLIONS DOLLARS,

The details of which are as follows:

From Passengers	$1,024,005.97
" Freight	2,040,233.19
" Express	51,423.08
" Mails	136,235.59
" Miscellaneous	91,626.27
" Government troops	104,077.77
" " freight	449,440.33
" Contrretors' men	201,179.09
" " material	968,430.32
Total	$5,066,651.61

This large amount is only an indication of the immense traffic that must go over the through line in a few months, when the great tide of Pacific coast travel and trade will begin. It is estimated that this business must make the earnings of the road

FROM FIFTEEN TO TWENTY

Millions a Year.

As the supply of these Bonds will soon cease, parties who desire to invest in them will find it to their interest to do so at once. The price at present is par and accrued interest from Jan. 1, in currency.

A new Pamphlet and Map was issued October, 1st, containing a report of the progress of the work to that date, and a more complete statement in relation to the value of the bonds than can be given in an advertisement, which will be sent free on application.

DE HAVEN & BRO.

BANKERS

AND

Dealers in Govt, Securities, Gold, &c.

No. 40, SOUTH 3d ST,

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Feb. 20, 1869—3mos.

NEW GOODS!!

FOR THE FALL TRADE

AT

Charles T. Stratton's,

ODESSA, DEL.

JUST received a splendid line of Fall Goods, and for sale at STRATTON'S STORE, in ODESSA.

Look at the Prices.

Appleton "A" Muslin, the best unbleached in the market, full yard wide at 17 cents.

Waltham unbleached double fold full 1¼ yards wide at 17½ cts. at C. T. STRATTON'S.

Augusta Muslin, very heavy, 1 yard wide, 16 C. T. STRATTON'S.

¾ and 1 yasd wide Muslin at 8, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14 cents per yard, at C. T. STRATTON'S

Large lot of good Prints, selling off at 10 and 11 cts per yard, at C. T. STRATTON'S.

Pacific Delaines and Armure, selling at 20 and 22 cents per yard at C. T. STRATTON'S.

Poplins, Alpacas all colors, selling for 31 cts. per yard at C. T. STRATTON'S.

Heavy Kersey, made in Delaware, for 85 cents per yard, at C. T. STRATTON'S.

Monsons Sattinett, very good for 60 cts at C. T. STRATTON'S.

Good Jeans and Farmers Cas. for boys' wear at 20, 25, and 30 cents per yard. at C. T. STRATTON'S.

Hoop Skirts, fashionable and good, 25, 30 and 35 springs, for 88 cents at C. T. STRATTON'S

Floor Oil Cloth, full yard wide, as good as in the market for 75 cents per yard, at C. T. STRATTON'S.

GROCERIES.

White Sugar,	16 cts.	per lb.
Light Bro. "	14 "	" "
Coffee,	12½ "	" "
Grain Coffee,	25 "	" "
Best do	28 "	" "
Port Rico Molasses,	80 "	" "
Fair " at	50 "	" gal.

Prime Mess Pork, 18 cents per lb. The best Sugar cured Hams, 25 cents, for sale at C. T. STRATTON'S.

SPECIAL ATTENTION IS GIVEN TO

READY MADE CLOTHING.

We have a large assortment; Full suit as low as six Dollars, all sizes.

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Very Cheap.

Guaranteed to be sold as low as by the city retailers.

HATS AND CAPS

At Jobbers prices, as we get them from the manufacturer. Call and examine and be convinced.

CHARLES T. STRATTON.
October 3—1y. ODESSA, DEL

TOWNSEND'S

Improved Wheel Cultivator.

AFTER four years experimenting and practical experience with Wheel Cultivators, I now offer to the public this Great Labor-Saving Machine. It has been used by some of the best practical Farmers in Cecil, Kent, and Queen Anne's counties, for three years, and its merits have been tested by similar machines, and in all cases the award has been given to Townsend's Improved Cultivator. It is now the favorite implement of the best Practical Farmers, wherever it has been used, for the cultivation of Corn, Sorgum, Potatoes, Strawberries, or Vegetables in general. Also for preparing Fallow Lands or Corn Ground for Wheat. Now, I offer for sale, State, County, District and Shop Rights, for manufacturing, and on reasonable terms; as the Cultivator is in considerable demand, and bound to come into general use. For further information address JAMES TOWNSEND,

Head of Sassafras, Kent county, Md.

TESTIMONIALS.

RUTHBURG, Queen Anne's Co. Md.

I have used Townsend's Wheel Cultivator this season in the cultivation of my corn crop with excellent results. For thorough tillage I think it one of the best implements I have ever used or seen; it certainly is a great machine, doing the work of two Cultivators, thereby saving the board and wages of one hand.

CHARLES K. MORRIS.

CENTREVILLE, Queen Anne's Co. Md.

I have seen "Townsend's Cultivator" in operation, and concur fully in what is said for it.

W. J. GIBSON.

HEAD OF SASSAFRAS, Kent County, Md.

I take great pleasure in recommending Townsend's Wheel Cultivator to the agriculturists of Kent county, having used one of his machines for the two seasons past in the cultivation of my corn crop. For thorough tillage it is one of the best implements I have ever seen.

ROBERT S. GRIFFITH.

HEAD OF SASSAFRAS, Kent County, Md.

Having seen Townsend's Wheel Cultivator in operation through our section of country, will say that we believe it to be what the farmer has long needed in the cultivation of his corn crop.

ALEXANDER WILSON,
A. JOHNS,
W. J. GRIFFITH,
DAVID B. GRIFFITH, EASTON, Md.

HEAD OF SASSAFRAS, Kent County, Md.

I have used one of Townsend's Wheel Cultivators this season with great satisfaction. As a labor-saving Machine it has no equal—hilling the corn up beautifully, and leaving the land in good condition for the oat crop to follow.

E. SHEPHERD MORRIS.

HEAD OF SASSAFRAS, Md. Nov. 19th, 1866.

MR. JAMES TOWNSEND, *Dear Sir*:—I used one of your Patent Cultivators in tilling my corn, and I was very much pleased with its work, and I recommend them to any farmer that has twenty acres of corn to till.

B. F. H. CAULK.

CECILTON, Cecil Co, Md.

I take great pleasure in recommending Townsend's Wheel Cultivator to the agriculturists of Cecil county, having used one of his machines while with my father for two years. I have now purchased one of them for myself. They are one of the best machines now in use for corn.

WILLIAM H. LOFLAND.

And for further information, address
WILLIAM RICHARDSON, Centreville, Md.
SAMUEL T. EARLE, Centreville, Md.
GEORGE JONES, Middletown, Del.
STEPHEN B. LOFLAND, Cecilton, Md.
JOHN Z. CLARK, Cecilton, Md.
WILBLIAM CONLYN, Cecil Co. Md
Col. GEORGE DAVIS, Smyrna, Del.

Price only $50.---Agents Wanted.

JAMES TOWNSEND,

Head of Sassafras, Kent County, Md.

Feb. 6—2m*

NEW STOVE, TIN,

AND

HOUSE-FURNISHING STORE

IN

Middletown, Delaware.

THOS. H. ROTHWELL

Respectfully announces to the Public that he has just started a NEW STOVE, TIN, AND HOUSE-FURNISHING STORE in Middletown, temporarily located over Wm. L. Bucke & Son's Machine Shops, where he is prepared to manufacture

ALL KINDS OF TIN WARE,

At Short Notice.

ORDERS for ROOFING & SPOUTING Respectfully Solicited and Promptly attended to

STOVES, TIN WARE, &C.

Constantly on hand and at the Lowest Cash Prices.

Mr. R. E. Knighton, well known as a skilful workman, is our Foreman, and will give his personal attention to the business.

The following Cook Stoves are on sale and recommended to the Public:

THE NATIONAL,

(Niagara Improved.)

THE TIMES, THE CHARM,

THE CONTINENTAL,

AND

THE PRIZE.

The first named is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, and it is believed the others will also.

The following Parlor Stoves are offered to the Public, and believed to be equal to any other Stoves in the market:

THE UNION AIR-TIGHT,

THE GEM,

THE DIAL,

ELM BASE,

BOQUET BASE, and

THE BRILLIANT.

Orders will be received and promptly filled for any kind of Stove that may be desired.

Prompt attention to business, moderate prices, competent workmen, and a determination to please, may at all times be expected by those who may favor him with their custom.

Jan. 30—1y

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES!!

WISHING to close out our Stock of

WINTER GOODS,

To make room for our usual

Large Spring Stock,

We will make a Reduction of 15 to 20 per cent. (for Cash) for all kinds of Woolen Goods, appertaining to Winter wear, consisting in, part as follows:

Ladies' and Misses' Woolen Hoods,

HOSIERY, GLOVES, MITTS, BALMORAL SKIRTS,

Single and Double Shawls,

LADIES' DRESS FABRICS,

Consisting of

PLAIN, PLAID, AND FIGURED POPLINS; BLACK & COLORED FRENCH MERINOES, FIGURED & PLAIN DE LAINES, &C.

Black Mixed Water-Proof Repellants for Ladies' Suits.

BLACK AND COL'D CLOTHS,

Black, Brown, & Silk-Mixed French and English Cassimeres, for Men and Boy's wear.

DEAN'S, MURPHY'S, AND MALLALIEW'S HEAVY 15 OUNCE KERSEYS.

Large 10-4 and 12-4 white Bed Blankets,

BROWN, GRAY, & BLUE Mixed Blankets,

A large lot of best make of Calicoes, still selling at 12½ and 14 cents per yard, notwithstanding the recent great advance of 20 per cent. in all kinds of Cotton Goods.

Full yard wide heavy Shaker Flannels, all wool; Red, White and Grey twilled Flannels, half wool and half cotton. A nice line of

OPERA FLANNELS,

in Red, Blue, Mode and White,

MEN'S AND YOUTHS' BUCK DRIVING GAUNTLETTS, GLOVES, & MITTS.

LADIES' & MISSES' UNDER VESTS, Scarfs, Sontags, &c.

Gents' & Youths' Woolen Scarfs, in all sizes and prices from fifteen to fifty cents.

GENTS' & YOUTHS' Undershirts and Drawers,

LADIES' AND GENTS' Arctic and Cloth Overshoes,

LADIES', MISSES', & CHILDRENS' Rubber Overshoes,

Gents' and Youths' Rubber Overshoes, Gents' and Youths' Black and Brown Alpine, & French round crown Hats.

LARGE 10-4 X 10-4 FANCY COL'D German Coverlets,

selling at a great sacrifice to close them out.

Cash Buyers seeking Bargains are particularly invited to call and examine our stock of

WINTER GOODS,

before purchasing elsewhere, as we are determined to close them out at a great sacrifice.

JOHN A. REYNOLDS & SON.

Jan. 30—2m

Select Poetry.

DISCONTENT.

I said in the tender Spring time,
When the flowers had bloomed awhile,
"I am weary of this wild beauty,
And I long for the Summer's smile.
The glorious passionate Summer—
All glowing with fervent heat,
When the winds come up from the southland
And the days are long and sweet."

The Summer slept on the hill tops—
The south-wind wailed and sighed,
The robins' song grew drowsy,
And the roses bloomed and died;
And then I thought of the Autumn,
And longed for the dreamy days
When the trees should don their purple,
And the hill-tops hide in haze.

The Autumn came in her grandeur—
The grass grew gold and brown—
And splendor lay in the forest,
And the leaves came drifting down.
And then I longed for the Winter—
The Winter, cold and pale,
And my restless heart grew weary,
And the Autumn's charms grew stale.

And now in the heart of winter,
I sigh for the Spring again;
And think in wild impatience
Of the flowers on hill and plain
And yet, ere the Spring has vanished,
My heart will tire I know,
And the jewel CONTENT—I seek for,
Will never be mine below.

Our Olio.

A Clever Joke.

A gentleman played off a rich joke on his better-half the other day. Being somewhat of an epicure, he took it into his head that he should like to have a first-rate dinner. So he addressed her a note, politely informing her that a gentleman of her acquaintance—an old and true friend—would dine with her that day. As soon as she received it, all hands went to work to get everything in order. Precisely at twelve o'clock she was prepared to receive her guest. The house was as clean as a new pin—a sumptuous dinner was on the table, and she was arrayed in her best attire. A gentle knock was heard, and she started with a palpitating heart to the door. She thought it must be an old friend, perhaps a brother, from the place whence they once moved. On opening the door she saw her husband, with smiling countenance.

"Why, my dear," said she, in an anxious tone, "where is the gentleman of whom you spoke in your note?"

"Why," replied the husband, complacently, "here he is."

"You said a gentleman of my acquaintance—an old and true friend—would dine with us to day."

"Well," said he, good-humoredly, "am I not a gentleman of your acquaintance, an old and true friend?"

"O!" she cried, distressingly, "is there nobody but you?"

"No."

"Well, I declare this is too bad," said the wife in an angry tone.

The husband laughed immoderately, but finally husband and wife sat down cosily together, and for once he had a good dinner without having company.

WHY THESE ODD FASHIONS?—Men flatter themselves that ladies dress to please *them*. They are utterly mistaken. Ladies know very well that men are *not* pleased with the present style of costume—paniers in the street and trains in the parlor. Men do not like to see a well-formed girl spoil the symmetry of her figure by huge excrescences bulged out with buckram; nor do they like to see a lady enveloped in a mass of dry goods so immense that she requires a whole room to turn in. They do not like the large horse-hair things which ladies wear under their hair, nor the funny little boots with heels in the middle of the sole. Least of all do they like the fashionable style of head-dress, which is a pile of flowers, ribbons, and feathers, that towers aloft, in the air to a great height. Every man laughs at these follies, and ladies know it well. But if they do not dress to please men, what do they dress for? A wicked lady of our acquaintance says, they dress *to give pain to one another!* She declares that fashionable women desire, above all things, to strike envy to the heart of their acquaintances, and put them out of conceit with their own dress. Of course we do not believe this. But then the question remains unanswered. Why do ladies dress in these outlandish and inconvenient fashions?—*N. Y. Ledger.*

RECIPE FOR RHEUMATISM.—Honey, two pounds, clarified by a slow fire down to one pound; flour of sulphur, two ounces; cream of tartar, one ounce; Jamaica ginger, powdered half an ounce; one nutmeg grated; gum guiacum, powdered, one drachm. Mix all these ingredients well. Dose—two teaspoonsfull twice a day in a tumbler of hot water.

A man who Dr. Johnson once reproved for following a useless and demoralizing said in excuse:

"You know, doctor, I must live."

The brave old hater of everything mean and hateful, coolly replied:

"I do not see the least necessity for that."

Our homes are like instruments of music. The strings that give melody or discord are the members. If each is rightly attuned, they will vibrate in harmony; but a single discordant string jars through the instrument and destroys its sweetness.

HOW TO FINISH A YOUNG LADY.—Give her a fashion-plate magazine, and pin-money enough to buy the cheap illustrated love-sick papers, and she is prepared to run off, then, with the first young scapegrace that presents himself.

Ike's last trick was to throw Mrs. Partington's gaiter in the alley, and calling the old lady down from the third story to see an alley gaiter (alligator.)

The mansion of Thomas Jefferson, at Monticello, a Virginia journal says, is sadly in need of repair, and has been stripped of many things of interest.

What is the difference between a summer dress in winter and an extracted tooth? One is too thin, and the other is tooth out.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS
AND
Hoofland's German Tonic.
The Great Remedies for all Diseases of the
LIVER, STOMACH, OR DIGESTIVE ORGANS.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS

Is composed of the pure juices (or, as they are medicinally termed *Extracts*) of Roots, Herbs, and Barks, making a preparation, highly concentrated, and entirely *free from all alcoholic admixture of any kind.*

Hoofland's German Tonic

Is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters, with the purest quality of *Santa Cruz Rum*, Orange, &c. making one of the most pleasant and agreeable remedies ever offered to the public.

Those preferring a Medicine free from Alcoholic admixture, will use

Hoofland's German Bitters.

Those who have no objection to the combination of the Bitters, as stated, will use

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC

They are both equally good, and contain the same medicinal virtues, the choice between the two being a mere matter of taste, the Tonic being the most palatable.

The stomach, from a variety of causes such as Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, etc. is very apt to have its functions deranged. The Liver, sympathizing as closely as it does with the Stomach, then becomes affected, the result of which is the patient suffers from several or more of the following diseases:

Constipation, Flatulence, Inward Piles, Fulness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried or Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs etc. Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits.

The sufferer from these diseases should exercise the greatest caution in the selection of a remedy for his case, purchasing only that which he is assured from his investigations and inquiries, possesses true merit, is skilfully compounded, is free from injurious ingredients, and has established for itself a reputation for the cure of these diseases. In this connection we would submit those well-known remedies—

Hoofland's German Bitters,
AND
Hoofland's German Tonic
PREPARED BY DR. C. M. JACKSON,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Thirty-five years since they were first introduced into this country from Germany, during which time they have undoubtedly performed more cures, and benefited suffering humanity to a greater extent than any other remedies known to the public.

These remedies will effectually cure Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Chronic Diarrhœa, Diseases of the Kidneys, and all Diseases arising from a disordered Liver Stomach or Intestines.

DEBILITY.

Resulting from any cause whatever; prostration of the system, induced by severe labor, hardships, exposure, fevers &c.

There is no medicine extant equal to these remedies in such cases. A tone and vigor is imparted to the whole system, the appetite is strengthened, food is enjoyed, the stomach digests properly, the blood is purified, the complexion becomes sound and healthy, the yellow tinge is eradicated from the eyes, a bloom is given to the cheeks, and the weak and nervous invalid becomes a strong and healthy being.

Persons advanced in life and feeling the hand of time weighing heavily upon them, with all its attendant ills, will find in the use of this Bitters, or the Tonic, an elixir that will instill new life into their veins, restore in a measure the energy and ardor of more youthful days, build up their shrunken forms, and give health and happiness to their remaining years.

NOTICE.

It is a well established fact that fully one-half of the female portion of our population are seldom in the enjoyment of good health, or, to use their own expression, "never feel well." They are languid, devoid of all energy, extremely nervous, and have no appetite.

To this class of persons the Bitters, or the Tonic is especially recommended.

WEAK AND DELICATE CHILDREN

Are made strong by the use of either of these remedies. They will cure every case of Marasmus without fail.

TESTIMONIALS.

Hon. Geo. W. Woodward,

Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pa. writes:
Philadelphia, March 16, 1867.

"I find Hoofland's German Bitters is a good tonic, useful in the diseases of the digestive organs, and of great benefit in cases of debility, and want of nervous action in the system.
Yours, truly, GEO. W. WOODWARD."

Hon. James Thompson,

Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.
Philadelphia, April 28, 1866.

I consider "Hoofland's German Bitters" a *valuable medicine* in case of attacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia. I can certify this from my experience of it. Yours, with respect,
JAMES THOMPSON.

From Rev. J. H. Kennard, D. D.

Pastor of the Tenth Baptist Church, Philadelphia.

Dr. Jackson,—Dear Sir: I have been frequently requested to connect my name with recommendations of different kinds of medicines, but regarding the practice as out of my appropriate sphere, I have in all cases declined; but with a clear proof in various instances, and particularly in my own family, of the use of Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, I depart for once from my usual course, to express my full conviction that, *for general debility of the system, and especially for Liver Complaint, it is a safe and valuable preparation.* In some cases it may fail; but usually, I doubt not, it will be very beneficial to those who suffer from the above causes.
Yours, very respectfully,
J. H. KENNARD,
Eighth, below Coates St.

From Rev. E. D. Fendall,

Assistant Editor, Christian Chronicle, Philada.

I have derived decided benefit from the use of Hoofland's German Bitters, and feel it my privilege to recommend them as a most valuable tonic, to all who are suffering from general debility, or from diseases arising from derangement of the liver. Yours, truly,
E. D. FENDALL.

CAUTION.—See that the signature of C. M Jackson is on the wrapper of each bottle. All others are counterfeit.

Principal Office and Manufactory at No. 621 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
CHARLES M. EVANS, Priprietor.

PRICE.—Hoofland's German Bitters, per bottle, $1.00—half dozen, $5.00 Hoofland's German Tonic, put up in quart bottles, $1.50 per bottle, or a half dozen for $7.50

FOR SALE BY ALL
Druggists and Storekeepers, Everywhere.
Aug. 1—1 year.

WINTER GOODS!! WINTER GOODS!!!

WE would respectfully announce to our customers and the public generally that we are now opening one of the largest and

Best Selected Assortments of
WINTER GOODS,

Ever before brought to this market, consisting in part as follows:

HEAVY MOSCOW & CANTON BEAVER,
HEAVY FROSTED BEAVER,
BLACK ENGLISH and FRENCH DOESKIN CASSIMERES
FANCY and SILK MIXED CASSMERES,
MALLALIEW'S, MURPHY'S, AND DEAN'S HEAVY KERSEYS

LADIES' DRESS GOODS

In great veriety, Such as

Fine Plaid, Plain, and Fig'd Poplins,
Black and Colored Alpacas,
Wool Delains—all colors,
French Merinoes—all colors
Calicoes, from 6 to 12½ cts.
Brown and Bleached Muslins from 8 to 20 cts,
A large assortment of

Ladies' Single and Double Shawls,
From $2 00 to $8 00. Zephyr and Wool Hoods
Breakfast Shawls, Children's Sacks, &c.

LADIES' HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c.

in great variety.

Men's Buck Gloves, Mitts, Gauntletts, Driving Gloves, &c. A large stock of

MEN, WOMEN, AND CHILDREN'S BOOTS AND SHOES,

Ball and Brogans,

Made expressly for winter: selected from the best manufactories in the city; bought at the very lowest cash prices, and will be sold at a very small advance.

Having a large stock of goods to dispose of between now and the 1st of January next, we propose to offer to our Cash Trade special inducements. Give us a call and you will be convinced that money can be saved by buying for cash at

SCOWDRICK & MOORE'S
Nov. 21—y Middletown, Del.

DELAWARE
Mutual Life Insurance Company, Wilmington, Del.

PAID IN CAPITAL, $100,000.00.

JOHN P. McLEAR, President,
GEO. W. STONE, Vice President,
M. M. CHILD, Secretary

DIRECTORS.

John P. McLear, Samuel Brancroft, jr.
William Bush, Ed. Bringhurst, jr.
Thos. W. Webb, Wm. G. Gibbons,
William Canby George W. Stone,
Geo. W. Bush, Jno. V. Rice,
William S. Hilles, W. H. Swift.

This Company offers unusual advantages to those who desire to avail themselves of the benefits of Life Insurance. Examine the following reasons:

1st.—It is a *Home Company*, and has adopted every plan of Life Insurance that is safe and just.
2d.—It's risks are selected with the utmost care and skill.
3rd.—It is a *purely* mutual Company.
4th.—It offers new features of Loans, original to itself.
5th.—It is the most economically managed Company represented in the Peninsula.
6th. Its excess of funds will be loaned out only to the members of the Company, thus giving them the use of the money at once.
7th.—It will loan its members money for a short time.
8th.—Its rates are from 25 to 30 per ct. *lower than any Mutual Company in Existence.*
9th.—Its policies are non-forfeitable after the first payment.
10th.—It will issue risks from $25 to $10,000.
11th.—It insures railroad Employées and hazardous occupations without extra addition to the premiums.
12th.—It combines Reliability, Low Rates, Economy, Safety, and all advantages that are to be derived from Life Insurance.
13th.—It has no notes hanging over the policies, and demands no interest money in advance; nor does it ask an extortional Cash premium.
14th.—It is within the power of the poorest man as well as the millionaire to protect his wife and family from want, by taking a policy in this Company.

First Class Reliable men are wanted in every locality to act as agents for the Company. Applicants will address the subscriber, with references.
J. THOMAS BUDD.
Middletown, Delaware.
Agent for Delaware and Eastern Shore Md.

Send for Circulars setting forth fully the plan and operations of the Company.
Approved. GEO. W. STONE,
Vice President.
Sept. 12—tf

MANSION HOUSE HOTEL,
North West Corner Fayette & St. Paul Sts.
OPPOSITE BARNUM'S CITY HOTEL,
BALTIMORE.
Isaac Alberston ..... Proprietor.

☞This is one of the most pleasant and central locations in the city.
January 4, 1868—1y

WINE AND LIQUOR STORE,
Middletown, Delaware.

THE undersigned takes this method of notifying the Public that he has opened a

WINE AND LIQUOR STORE

In Middletown, Delaware, opposite Walker's Hotel, where he has on hand a large and varied assortment of Wines and Liquors, in bottles and casks, which he offers on advantageous terms to purchasers at wholesale or retail.

☞Also, a fine stock of choice TOBACCO AND CIGARS. THOMAS MURRAY.
Nov. 21—tf

ATTEND TO YOUR TEETH.

FEW persons are properly impressed with the importance of giving early attention to decaying teeth. The health is often affected by them, to say nothing of the inconvenience and suffering, which they produce. It is important to have all caries promptly arrested. If treated in time most teeth may be preserved.

Teeth Extracted Without Pain,

by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, a harmless and pleasant anesthetic.

J. J. VANDERFORD, D. D. S.
May 9-tf Middletown, Del.

Osage Orange Quicks For Sale.

400,000 of the above favorite plants for Live Fence purposes to be disposed of at reasonable prices. Those in want for replanting uses can purchase two year old quicks of which we have an abundance.

Persons desiring large lots can make favorable arrangements. Apply to
WM. GREEN, or
ANDREW HUSHABECK,
Feb. 6—tf. Middletown, Del.

BARGAINS, BARGAINS,
Cash Buyers Look to your Interest.

S. R. STEPHENS & Co.

HAVING opened their New Cash Store, in Middletown, Del. are now prepared to offer to the Public a large and well selected Stock of

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES, &c

They offer a large lot of CARPETS,
VERY LOW FROM AUCTION.

A FINE STOCK OF
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Cloths, Cassimers, and
Ready Made Clothing.
HATS AND CAPS,
Dress Goods, Notions,
HARDWARE, &C.

Canned Fruits, Pickles, Sauces, and all kinds of Goods usually kept in a country store.

Having purchased our entire stock for cash, we are prepared to sell at city prices for cash or country produce.

Buyers would do well to give us a call.

SAML. R. STEPHENS & Co.
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.
July 4—1y.

ODESSA NURSERIES.

THE Proprietors offer for Sale, for Fall planting of 1868 or Spring of 1869,

70,000 Peach Trees
of the leading
Market and Family Varieties.
200,000 SMALL FRUIT PLANTS
consisting of the following varieties:
STRAWBERRIES,
RASPBERRIES,
BLACKBERRIES,
GOOSEBERRIES,
CURRANTS, AND GRAPE VINES.
ASPARAGUS ROOTS.

300,000 OSAGE ORANGE QUICKS.
One and Two Years Old.
ALSO
EARLY ROSE, HARRISON, AND
EARLY GOODRICH POTATOES.

Apply to POLK & HYATT,
Sept. 26, 1868. Or to WM. B. CROFT.
Odessa, Del.

COAL OIL. COAL OIL.

THE ☞SAFEST, ☞Best, ☜ and ☞CHEAPEST OIL, ☜ for Illuminating surposes in the market.

WE GUARANTEE IT
TO BE
☞ALL THAT IS REPRESENTED,
AND
At Less Cost to Dealers,
☞*THAN CAN BE PURCHASED* ☜
In this or the Philadelphia Market.

GIVE US A CALL.
Thompson & Co.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in COAL OIL,
LARD SPERM WHALE OILS,
S. W. Corner of 2d and Market Streets
WILMINGTON, Del.

The Persian Healing Soap, will positively remove Pimples on the Face. Cure Tetter, Salt Rheum, and all diseases of the scalp and Skin. Price 25 cents. Try it.

Ladies if you want a fair Skin and beautiful complexion, use the Persian Healing or Pine Tar Soap. It is guarranteed to do what is claimed for it. Price 25 cents per cake.

For the bath and toilet nothing is better than the Persian Healing Soap. Price 25 cents.
G. B. THOMPSON,
Sole Agent for the State.
Sold by Druggists and Grocers.
August 22—tf.

DR. J. J. VANDERFORD,
Graduate of the Pennsylvania College of DENTAL SURGERY.

HAVING located in Middletown, Del. respectfully announces to the public that he is prepared to perform all operations pertaining to the practice of

DENTISTRY.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH Mounted on Dental Vulcanite, a material superior to metals in its adaptability and durability.

Persons having badly adjusted gold plates can have them exchanged for the Vulcanite.

Great care will be given to Children's Teeth: irregularities corrected, and deciduous teeth preserved until the permanent ones make their appearance.

☞A superior Dentifrice constantly on hand
Office seven doors east of the Bank.
January 4, 1868—1y

WM. N. BRICE,
WHOLESALE COMMISSION MERCHANT AND PRODUCE DEALER,
No. 18, Central Market, Delaware Avenue, above Race Street,
PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA

PARTICULAR attention paid to the sale of GRAIN and LIVE STOCK. All orders promptly attended to. Consignments respectfully solicited.

REFERENCES.

Hon. D. C. Blackiston, Kent Co, Md.
Franklin Dyre, Esq. " " "
W. A. Brice, Esq. " " "
Wm. Lockwood, Cecil Co. "
J. G. Griffith, " " "
F. T. Perry, Odessa, Del.
Harry Clayton, Middletown, "
Dec. 5, 1868—1y

FOR RENT.

A First-rate two story Frame Dwelling House, with two-story Back Building, and Shed Kitchen, all nearly new; good garden, smoke house, and shed; pump of good water in the yard. Possession given at once.
SAMUEL TOWNSEND.
Townsend, January 23, 1869—tf.

Delaware Rail Road Line
Fall Arrangement.

ON and after MONDAY, October 5th, 1868, Passenger Trains will run as follows, until further notice:

ALL TRAINS SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.

	NORTH.	
Leave Crisfield,		7 00 A. M.
" Marion,		7 40
" Kingston,		8 05
" Westover,		8 30
" Prin. Anne,		9 10
" Eden		9 40
" Forktown		10 00
" Salisbury		10 30
" Delmar		10 45
" Laurel		11 05
" Seaford		11 30
" Bridgeville		11 50
" Greenwood		12 00 M.
" Farmington		12 15 P. M.
" Harrington	7 00 A. M.	12 35
" Felton	7 15	12 50
" Plymouth	7 20	1 00
" Canterbury	7 20	1 00
" Wil. Grove	7 25	1 05
" Camden	7 35	1 15
" Dover	7 50	1 30
" Moorton	8 05	1 45
" Brenford	8 10	1 55
" Smyrna	8 05	1 50
" Clayton	8 20	2 05
" Sassafras R'd	8 25	2 10
" Blackbird	8 35	2 20
" Townsend	8 40	2 30
" Middleto'n	9 00	2 45
" Mt Pleasant	9 10	2 55
" St Georges	9 25	3 10
" Bear	9 35	3 25
" New Castle	9 55	3 45
Arrive Wilm.	10 15	4 05
" Philad'a	11 45 A. M.	5 40 P.M.
" Baltimore	1 15 P. M.	8 10 "

	SOUTH.	
Leave Philad'a	8 30 A. M.	5 00 P. M.
" Baltimore	7 25	2 25
" Wilm	10 10	6 25
" New Castle	10 30	6 45
" Bear	10 50	7 00
" St Georges	11 00	7 15
" Mt Pleasant	11 15	7 30
" Middletown,	11 35	7 50
" Townsend	11 45	8 00
" Blackbird	11 50	8 05
" Sassafras	12 00 M.	8 15
" Clayton	12 05 P. M.	8 20
Arrive Smyrna	12 15	8 30
Leave Brenford	12 10	8 25
" Moorton	12 20	8 35
" Dover	12 40	8 55
" Camden	12 50	9 05
" Wil. Grove	1 05	9 15
" Canterbury	1 10	9 20
" Plymouth	1 10	9 20
" Felton	1 20	9 30
" Harrington	1 40	9 45 P. M.
" Farmington	1 55	
" Greenwood	2 05	
" Bridgeville	2 15	
" Seaford	2 35	
" Laurel	2 55	
" Delmar	3 10	
" Salisbury	3 45	
" Forktown	4 10	
" Eden	4 30	
" Prin. Anne	5 15	
" Westover	5 40	
" Kingston	6 00	
" Marion	6 20	
Arrive Crisfield	6 45 P. M.	

Also, Freight Trains with Passenger Car attached, will leave Wilmington about 4 00 A. M. New Castle, 4 50, Middletown, 6 40, Clayton, 7 30, Dover, 8 50, Camden, 9 10, Felton, 10 05, and be due at Harrington about 10 30 A. M. Returning, to leave Harrington about 3 20 P. M. Felton, 4 00 Camden, 5 05, Dover, 5 35, Moorton, 5 55, Clayton, 6 25, Middletown, 7 40, New Castle, 9 20, and be due at Wilmington, about 9 50 P. M. Subject to delays incident to Freight Business. This train will stop to take up Passengers only at Stations named, but will set down Passengers at any stopping place, except Hare's Corner, State Road, Del. Junction and Dupont.

NEW CASTLE TRAINS.—Leave New Castle for Wilmington and Philadelphia at 7 40 A. M.—Leave Philadelphia 11 45 A. M., and Wilming- 1 00 P. M. for New Castle.

SMYRNA BRANCH TRAINS.—Additional to those above leave Smyrna for Clayton 11 45 A. M. and 8 10 P. M. Leave Clayton for Smyrna, 8 40 A. M. and 2.10 P. M. to make connection with trains to and from Dover, and Stations South.

Steamboat Trains heretofore run are withdrawn. A Boat will, however, leave Crisfield for Norfolk, in connection with Local Train, on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Evenings.
E. Q. SEWALL,
April 18. Superintendent Delaware R. R.

Flour, Meal and Feed.
WM. H. MYERS,
BRICK MILLS,
New Castle County, Del.

HAVING put his Mill in complete repair, is prepared to Grind all kinds of Grain and to Manufacture Flour, Meal, Buckwheat, Rye, Mill Feed, &c. all of which he will deliver to order FOR CASH.

FLOUR, MEAL, FEED, &c.
Always on hand.

He solicits a share of the public patronage.
November 7, 1868—tf.

W. J. LANK,
LICENSED
AUCTIONEER,
Townsend, Delaware,

IS Prepared to Call Sales of REAL ESTATE. MERCHANDISE, PERSONAL PROPERTY, &c., Having had soveral years experience, he feels confident he can render entire satisfaction.

He will sell property for a certain per cent. on the amount sold, or by the job.

Orders for his services can be sent twice a day to Townsend. Address W. J. LANK,
Jan. 16—3m Townsend, Del.

MIDDLETOWN IRON FOUNDRY
AND
MACHINE SHOP.

PLOWS and Plow Castings, Machine Castings of all kinds on hand or made to order.

Particular attention given to Repairing Machinery. Cash for old Iron.

WM. L. BUCKE & SON,
April 4-tf Founders and Machinists.

LIVERY STABLE.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES for hire at the Stables of L. R. Davis' Middletown Hotel. The horses are safe, and careful drivers will be provided when desired. Terms moderate. Apply to THOS. MURRAY.
Jan. 2.—y. At the Stables.

BOOT & SHOE MAKING

JAMES H. COLLINS respectfully informs the public that he has taken the Shop at the corner of Broad and Lake streets, nearly opposite the Academy, in Middletown, and is prepared to manufacture Boots and Shoes to order. Special attention given to repairing, and all work finished with neatness and despatch. He respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.

LEGAL BLANKS. Judgment Notes and Bonds and other legal blanks for sale. Apply to L. R. DAVIS.
Feb. 27, 1869 Middletown, Del.

James H. Frazer, M. D.
GLASGOW, DEL.

OFFERS his professional services to the public. Office at the residence of R. M. Black Esq.
Jan. 4—y.

SEWING MACHINES.
WILCOX & GIBBS'
TWISTED LOOP-STITCH
FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.
THE BEST FAMILY SEWING MACHINES IN THE WORLD.

OBVIOUS REASONS WHY THE
WILCOX & GIBBS
Family Sewing Machines
ARE BECOMING SO POPULAR:

FIRST, Because they make the "TWISTED LOOP-STITCH," which is the most Beautiful, Elastic, and Durable Stitch known.

SECOND, Because they are adapted to the Greatest Range of Work, and will use either Cotton, Silk, or Linen Thread successfully.

THIRD, Because they are Perfectly Simple in their Construction; and will Hem, Fell, Stitch, Bind, Cord, Tuck, Gather, and Embroider, in the most perfect manner.

FOURTH, Because they use but One Spool, and are found Competent when all others Fail.

Read the following Statements of Facts and Commendations of Individuals and of the Press in Regard to the

WILCOX & GIBBS
Family Sewing Machines.
From the Superintendant of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad.

ALTOONA, Pa. Sept 14, 1865.

One of your Sewing Machines has been used in my family for several years. For simplicity and mechanical accuracy of construction, I have seen no Sewing Machine equal to it. The speed and correctness with which it does its work are admirable. It has given and continues to give us entire satisfaction. ENOCH LEWIS.

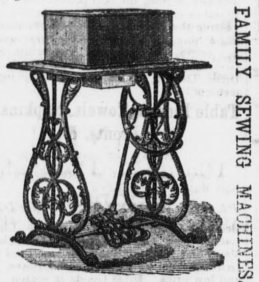
DOVER, Sept. 12th, 1685.

Messrs. Wilcox & Gibbs.—Gentlemen:—Having had eighteen months' experience with your Family Sewing Machine, I take pleasure in saying that it has given perfect satisfaction. It has been the means of selling several in this locality.
D. F. BURTON.

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, Jan. 20th 1859.—"The simplicity and accuracy of its mechanism prevent its dropping stitches, to which many other machines are liable, and which has hitherto brought the "chain stitch" into disrepute. One cannot but admire the beauty and accuracy of its movements, and the entire absence of all noise, even when running at the rate of 2000 stitches and upward per minute. This alone must prove a great recommendation to it. Another merit is the good workmanship. The parts are made interchangeable, so that in the event of accident to the machine, any part can be replaced, at a trifling cost. It is, indeed, a "mechanical wonder —a household necessity!"

PHILADELPHIA PRESS, 1860.—"The unparalleled success which has attended the introduction of the Wilcox & Gibbs Sewing Machine is a sure guarantee of its merits."

WILCOX & GIBBS



FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.

REFERENCES.

The following are names of persons in this neighborhood, whom we give as references, who have had the Wilcox & Gibbs Sewing Machines in use for some time:

Misses Blackiston. Mrs. Benj. Armstrong.
Mrs. William Green. Mrs. T. S. Bowers.
Mrs. J. B. Clarkson. Mrs. H. Vanderford.
Mrs. R. A. Cochran, Jr. Mrs. S. M. Reynolds.

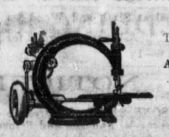
CASH PRICES.

No. 1. Ornamental Iron Stand, Walnut Top, (oiled.) with Hemmer and Feller, $55
No. 2. On Ornamental Iron Stand, Walnut Top, with Drawer and Lock, 56
No. 3. On Ornamental Iron Stand, with Polished Mahogany or Walnut Top and Drawer, with Hemmer and Feller. 58
No. 4. Walnut Half Case, (oiled,) with Hemmer and Feller, 65
No. 5. Extra Half Case, " with Work Box, Hemmer and Feller, 68
No. 6. Walnut Half Case, (oiled,) with Fancy Work Box, Hemmer and Feller, 70
No. 7. Mahogany Half Case, (Polished,) with Hemmer and Feller, 76
No. 8. Full Cabinet-Case, Mahogany or Walnut with Hemmer and Feller, 100

Those wishing a first class Sewing Machine, would do well to call and examine the

Wilcox & Gibbs
TWISTED LOOP-STITCH
FAMILY SEWING MACHINES,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND FOR SALE BY



JOHN A. REYNOLDS & SONS,
August 15—1y Middletown, Del.

RAW BONES
THERE IS NO
MANURE
SO PERMANENT AS
RAW BONES,
FROM WHICH IS MADE
WHANN'S
RAW BONE Super-Phosphate.

Warranted Perfectly Pure and Free from Adulteration.

Established as an excellent Fertilizer by years of constant use, and highly recommended by all who have used it as

A Great Crop Producer.

AND PERMANENT IMPROVER OF THE SOIL.

Every Farmer Should Use It.

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS.

WALTON, WHANN & CO.
MANUFACTURERS,
Wilmington, Del.

E. T. EVANS, AGENT,
Feb 15—1y Middletown, Del.

628 **HOOP SKIRTS.** 628
AND
CORSETS, CORSETS.
WM. T. HOPKINS,
No. 628 Arch Street, Phila.
MANUFACTURER OF THE
Celebrated "Champion" Hoop Skirts
FOR LADIES, MISSES AND CHILDREN.

The largest assortment, and best quality and styles in the *American Market.* Every lady should try them, as they *recommend themselves* by wearing longer, retaining their shape much better, being lighter and more *elastic* than all others—Warranted *in every respect,* and sold at very low peices. Ask for HOPKINS' "CHAMPION" SKIRT.

Super Hand-made Whale-Bone Corsets in Fifteen different Grades, including the "Imperial" and THOMPSON & LANGDON'S "Glove Fitting" Corsets, ranging in prices from 81 Cents to $5.50; together with JOSEPH HECKEL'S Celebrated French Woven Corsets, superior shapes and quality, Ten different Grades, from $1.10 to $5.50. They are the finest and best goods for the prices, ever imported. The Trade supplied with Hoop Skirts and Corsets *at the Lowest Rates.*

Those visiting the City should not fail to call and examine our Goods and Prices, as we defy all competition. Sept. 19, 1868.

BOWER'S COMPLETE MANURE,
MANUFACTURED BY
HENRY BOWER, CHEMIST,
PHILADELPHIA.
MADE FROM
Super-Phosphate of Lime, Ammonia and Potash,
WARRANTED FREE FROM ADULTERATION.

THIS Manure contains all the elements to produce large crops of all kinds, and is highly recommended by all who have used it, also by distinguished Chemists who have, by analysis, tested its qualities.

Packed in bags of 200 pounds each,
DIXON, SHARPLESS & CO.
AGENTS,
39 South Water and 40 South Delaware Avenue,
PHILADELPHIA.
For sale by WM. REYNOLDS,
79 South Street,
BALTIMORE, MD.
Also by JOHN A. REYNOLDS & SONS,
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.
And by dealers generally throughout the country.
For information, address Henry Bower, Philadelphia. Jan. 9, 1869—1y.

MIDDLETOWN HOTEL.
J. H. WALKER.
Proprietor.

HAVING succeeded Mr. L. R. Davis, in the proprietorship of this well known, long established, and popular establishment, the present proprietor will spare no pains to insure the comfort of his guests, and make his house, as heretofore, the favorite resort of the traveling public. A well filled larder, a well furnished table; comfortable and airy apartments; the choicest brands of Liquors, Cigars, and Tobacco; with a determination to render the fullest satisfaction, combined with attentive waiters, reliable hostlers, and moderate charges, will, he feels assured, secure to him a continuance of the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon the establishment.

Accommodation for Drovers and Dealers in Horses and Mules can always be secured. A liberal share of the public patronage is respectfully solicited. JOSEPH H. WALKER,
Oct. 17—1y Successor to L. R. Davis.

LEND ME YOUR COUNTENANCE.

IF you want a good likeness of yourself or family call at

J. M. HORNING'S
ONE DOOR WEST OF ROBERT'S STOVE AND TIN HOUSE.
Middletown, Del.,

where you will get pictures from the beautiful iittle Pearl Ferrotype to the life-size Photograph.

All who wish a correct likeness of themselves or friends should embrace this opportunity and call at once.

Particular attention paid to copying daguerrotypes or ambrotypes of deceased persons into card or large size Photographs.

A proff will be shown before the pictures are finished.

A good assortment of Rustic and other Frames on hand.

It will afford us pleasure to have you call and examine specimens.
January 4—tf J. M. HORNING.

Middletown Furniture Warerooms.
JOSEPH H. ENOS

KEEPS constantly on hand an assortment of FURNITURE suitable to the market, consisting of

COTTAGE SUITS,
BEDSTEADS, CHAIRS, WASHSTANDS,
Parlor and Dining Room Furniture, &c,
ALSO
FURNISHING UNDERTAKER.

COFFINS of all kinds and styles; Metallic Caskets; Patent Burial Cases to order. Jan. 4—tf

OLD NEWSPAPERS, a cheap and convenient Wrapping Paper, for sale at this office.